[THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1767.] THE [NUMB. 1272.]

NEW-YORK OR, GENERAL JOURNAL; THE ADVERTISER.

Containing the freſheſt ADVICES, *both* FOREIGN *and* DOMESTICK.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, NEAR THE EXCHANGE.—[Oct. 16, 1766. For Six Years laſt paſt, Publiſher of the *New-York Thurſday's Gazette*, or *Weekly Poſt-Boy*.]

ASSIZE of BREAD, publiſhed May 6, 1767.

Flour at 18/6 per Ct.

A White Loaf of the fineſt Flour, to weigh 1 lb. 11 oz. for 4 Coppers.——Ditto, of Dit. to weigh 13 oz. for 2 Coppers.

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN'S RISING and SETTING, till Thurſday next.

	D's Age.	High-Water.	rises H.	M.	sets H.	
THURSDAY	23	5 5	after 4	46	before 8	
FRIDAY	24	6 26	4	45	8	
SATURDAY	25	7 17	4	44	8	
SUNDAY	26	8 8	4	49	8	
MONDAY	27	9 2	4	43	8	
TUESDAY	28	9 50	4	43	8	
WEDNESDAY	29	10 38	4	42	8	New ☽ next Wednesday at 2 in the Afternoon

Days 14 h. 28 m. long, the 21th.

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

Wheat per Buſhel	6s. od.	Beef per Barrel	48s. od.
Flour——	18s. od.	Pork	75s. od.
Brown Bread	17s. 6d.	Salt	3s. od.
Weſt-India Rum	3s. 4d.	Bohea Tea	5s. 3d.
New-England ditto	2s. 7d.	Chocol. per doz.	£.1 1s. od.
Muſcovado Sugar	5os.	Bees Wax	1s. 6d.
Single refin'd ditto	1s. 2d.	Nut Wood ☞	35s. od.
Molaſſes	2s. od.	Oak ditto ☞	24s. od

To the PUBLIC, New-York, Oct. 16, 1766

IT is now upwards of ſix Years that I have publiſh'd a weekly News Paper, under the Title of *the New-York Gazette* or *Weekly Poſt-Boy*, which I have the Pleaſure to think has been generally acceptable, and publicly uſeful: But having now Occaſion to alter the Title of my Paper, I hope for the ſame favourable Reception of the NEW-YORK JOURNAL or GENERAL ADVERTISER, that my Paper met with under the former Title; ſince it will be conducted with the ſame Spirit, and to the ſame Ends,—the Suppreſſion of Evil, and the Promotion of public and private Happineſs. The Reaſons of altering my Title are theſe, 1ſt, for the Sake of Diſtinction, as I am inform'd Mr. PARKER intends to publiſh a Paper under the former Title; and 2d, becauſe, as he formerly publiſh'd a Paper under that Title, I would not avail myſelf of any Advantages from a *Name* originally aſſumed by him. The Number, for the Sake of more eaſily ſettling with my Cuſtomers, will run regularly on from my laſt Week's Paper. JOHN HOLT.

To be ſold at public vendue,

The firſt day of July next, or at private ſale any time before;

A Very convenient dwelling houſe and lot of ground, ſituate at the lower end of little-dock-ſtreet, and next door to Mr. John Abeel's flour ſtore. The houſe is 2 ſtories and a half high, a large garret with two fire-places; hath three rooms on a floor, with fire-places in each, a good dry cellar under the whole, with a good kitchen, yard and graſs-plat, a good ciſtern that holds upwards of 14 hogſheads, with a pump therein: Any perſon inclining to purchaſe before the above day of ſale, may apply to John Ide Myer, (for further particulars) living on the premiſes, who will give a good title for the ſame.

NEW HEMP SEED,

TO BE SOLD,

WHOLESALE or Retail: Inquire of HENRY LABAGH, near the White-Hall, Cooper.

Montreal, April 20, 1767.

To the PRINTER.

THE very *Life* and *Soul* and *Spirit*, of the *Engliſh Laws and Conſtitution*, is the *impartial adminiſtration of Juſtice* and *Equity*,—for the Puniſhment of Immorality, Wickedneſs and Violence, the Encouragement and Support of true Religion and Virtue; that Peace and Harmony, Good Will, and public Happineſs, may flouriſh and be eſtabliſhed; *for Righteouſneſs exalteth a Nation, but Oppreſſion and Wickedneſs, are the Diſgrace and Deſtruction of any People.* As the Engliſh Laws and Conſtitution, are wiſely framed to ſecure to every Man the undiſturb'd enjoyment of thoſe Rights which God has annexed to the Human Nature; on this Account, and this alone, thoſe Laws and this Conſtitution are dearer than Life itſelf to every Engliſhman, who underſtands and duly eſteems them.—But if by the Male-Practices of Perſons entruſted with the executive Power of the Laws, they are perverted from the original Deſign of them, or hinder'd from affording that Redreſs to the Injured, and that Peace, Security and Happineſs to Individuals in general, that they were intended to produce, and which alone gives them all their Value—Such Perſons in Office, deſerve to be conſider'd with Deteſtation and Abhorrence, as the greateſt Enemies to the Laws and Conſtitution of their Country, which they Labour to bring into Contempt, to defeat, and deſtroy. God has by the Mouth of his Prophets pronounced,—*Wo! unto them that call Evil Good, and Good Evil.*——*Wo! unto them that decree unrighteous Decrees, and that write Grievouſneſs which they have preſcribed, to turn away the Needy from Judgment, and take away the Right,—from my People; Wo! to them that deviſe Iniquity, and Work Evil upon their Beds, and when the Morning cometh, practiſe it, becauſe it is in the Power of their Hands. Wo! unto them that ſeek deep to hide their Council from the Lord, whoſe Works are in the Dark, and they ſay, Who ſeeth us? Who knoweth us?* &c.

The beſt framed written Laws, are in themſelves but dead Letters, till actually carried into Execution, by thoſe appointed to that ſacred Truſt, and oh! how much have they to anſwer, who unfaithfully abuſe and betray it?

In plain and important Caſes, the Laws of moſt civilized Nations, are calculated to anſwer the ſame Ends,—the Security of Life, Perſon and Property, and the Puniſhment, of thoſe who by Violence or Fraud invade thoſe Rights.—In all Places where ſuch Laws are eſtabliſhed, Officers and Rules of Proceeding, are alſo appointed to determine between the Perſons complaining of Injury, and thoſe charged with being the Authors of it. The Perſons ſo appointed are to judge, whether the Facts alledged are true or not, whether the Perſons charged are guilty or not, and in ſome Caſes, are alſo to determine the Penalty on the faulty or guilty Perſon: But in all their Proceedings they are to be governed and limitted by a plain and reaſonable Conſtruction of the written Law, and the Powers thereby given them according to the Rules preſcribed. When a Trial is thus fairly and openly conducted, according to the true Intent and Meaning of the Law, as the public Good, and the Honour of Government requires, ——Then ſuch a Trial is, and ought to be, a full and final Determination of the whole Matter,—The Complainant having obtained ſuch Satisfaction as the Laws of his Country on a fair and impartial Trial afforded him, has no longer any Right to complain.——The Perſons accuſed or ſuſpected having undergone a legal, fair and impartial Trial, and thereby evinced their Innocence, or that the Charge againſt them was without juſt Foundation, ſhould after that be charged or ſuſpected no more;—nay, it ought to be highly puniſhable to ſcandalize them on that Account.—But far different is the Caſe, if there is Room for the leaſt Suſpicion of unfairneſs or Partiality in any of the Proceedings or Perſons, relating to, and concern'd in the Trial—If there was any remarkable Intimacy, common Connection, Similarity of Manners and Principles, known Declaration of Sentiment in Favour of, or againſt either of the Parties, in either of the Perſons appointed to judge on the Trial, or in the Perſons concern'd in the Appointment of them to that Office.——If there was any Thing in the Behaviour, Character or Circumſtances of any of theſe, that might give the leaſt Cauſe to ſuſpect any of them of partiality for, or againſt either of the Parties,—Any of theſe Things ought to be deemed Diſqualifications, to exclude ſuch Perſons from the leaſt Concern in the Trial.—More eſpecially if any of theſe exceptionable Circumſtances ſhould have been obſervable while the Trial was depending,—Or if on the Trial there ſhould have been the leaſt Appearance of Partiality in taking the Evidence, any ſeeming Endeavour to be over ſolicitous for Evidence on one Side, and to check, diſregard and ſtifle it on the other,—any overbearing Behaviour, Brow-beating, or Impatience in hearing the Witneſſes, or in ſhort, if any Part of the Proceeding on a Trial ſhould be ſuch, that on a reaſonable Conſtruction, gives ſtrong Grounds for Suſpicion, of Partiality and Injuſtice, that the Deſign of the Law is perverted, and that thoſe who have been inveſted with the Power of its Execution have baſely betray'd, and proſtituted their ſacred Truſt,——In all theſe Caſes a Trial will be ſo far from clearing the Character of the ſuſpected Perſon, that it ever has been, is, and ever will be, conſider'd, as an almoſt certain Proof of his Guilt; of which the following Extract, from Robinſon's Hiſtory of Scotland, which I deſire you will inſert in your next Journal, will afford a remarkable Inſtance.——I am Sir, your humble Servant, A. Z.

THE unhappy fate of Henry Steuart, Lord Darnly, K. of Scotland, who on Sunday the 19th of Feb. 1567, aged 21; was murdered, and the houſe in which he lay, blown up. The cruel circumſtances of his murder, and the remiſſneſs with which it was afterwards avenged, have made his name to be remembered with regret, and rendered him the object of pity, to which he otherwiſe had no title.

Every one's imagination was at work to gueſs who had contrived and executed this execrable deed; the ſuſpicions fell with almoſt a general conſent on Bothwell, and ſome reflections were thrown out, as if the Queen herſelf were no ſtranger to the crime. Of Bothwell's guilt there remains the fulleſt evidence, that the nature of the action will admit; the Queen's known ſentiments with regard to her huſband, gave a great appearance of probability to the imputation with which ſhe was loaded. Two days after the murder, a proclamation was iſſued by the Queen, offering a conſiderable reward to any perſon who ſhould diſcover thoſe who had been guilty of ſuch a horrid and deteſtable crime; and tho' Bothwell, was now one of the greateſt ſubjects in the kingdom, formidable on account of his own power, and protected by the Queen's favour; it was impoſſible to ſuppreſs the ſentiments and indignation of the people. Papers were affixed to the moſt public places of the city, accuſing him of the murther, and naming his accomplices, pictures appeared to the ſame purpoſe; and voices were heard in the middle of the night, charging him with that barbarous action: But the authors of thoſe rumours did not confine their accuſations to Bothwell alone, they inſinuated that the Queen herſelf was acceſſary to the crime; this bold accuſation which ſo directly attacked Mary's reputation, drew the attention of her council, and by engaging them in an inquiry after the authors of thoſe libels, diverted them from ſearching for the murderers of the king.

It could ſcarce be expected, that Mary herſelf, would be extremely ſolicitous to diſcover thoſe who had rid her of a huſband whom ſhe had ſo violently hated; it was Bothwell's intereſt, who had the ſupreme direction of this, as well as of all other affairs to *ſtifle* and *ſuppreſs* whatever *evidence* ſhould be offered, and to cover if poſſible, the whole tranſaction, under the veil of darkneſs, and of ſilence; ſome inquiry however was made, and ſome perſons called before *the council*, but the examination was conducted with the moſt *indecent remiſsneſs*, and in ſuch a manner as to let in no light on that ſcene of guilt. It was not her own ſubjects alone, who ſuſpected Mary of having been acceſſary to this unnatural crime, nor did an opinion ſo diſhonourable to her character, owe its riſe and progreſs to the jealouſy and malice of her factious Nobles) the report of the manner and circumſtances of the King's murther,

ſpread quickly all over Europe, and even in that age, which was accuſtomed to deeds of violence, it excited univerſal horror! As her unhappy breach with her huſband, had long been a matter of public diſcourſe, the firſt conjectures which were formed with regard to his death, were extremely to her diſadvantage; her friends, at a loſs what apology to offer for her conduct, called on her to proſecute the murderers with the utmoſt diligence, and expected that the rigour of her proceedings, would prove the beſt and fulleſt vindication of her innocence.

Lennox at the ſame time, incited Mary to vengeance with inceſſant importunity, this Nobleman had ſhared in his ſon's diſgrace, and being treated by Mary with neglect, uſually reſided at a diſtance from court; rouſed however by an event no leſs ſhocking to the heart of a father, than fatal to all his ſchemes of ambition; he ventured to write to the Queen, and to offer his advice with reſpect to the moſt effectual method for diſcovering and convicting thoſe who had ſo cruelly deprived him of a ſon, and her of a huſband; he urged her to proſecute thoſe who were guilty with vigour, and to bring them to a ſpeedy trial; he declared his own ſuſpicions of Bothwell, and of thoſe who were named his accomplices; he required that out of regard to decency, and in order to encourage evidence to appear againſt them, the perſons accuſed of ſuch an atrocious crime, ſhould be *committed to cuſtody*, or at leaſt excluded from her court and preſence. Mary was then at Seaton, whither ſhe had retired after the burial of the king, whoſe body was depoſited amongſt the Monarchs of Scotland, in a private, but decent manner; the former part of the Earl's demand could not on any pretence be eluded, and it was reſolved to bring Bothwell immediately to trial, But *inſtead of confining him to any priſon*, Mary admitted him into all her counſels, and allowed a perſon *univerſally reputed the murderer of her huſband*, to enjoy all the *ſecurity*, the *dignity*, and the *power*, of a favourite! The offices which Bothwell already poſſeſſed, gave him the command of all the ſouth of Scotland; the caſtle of Edinburgh, however was a place of too much conſequence not to wiſh it in his own power. The Queen in order to prevail on the Earl of Mar to ſurrender it, conſented to put the perſon of the young Prince in his hands, and immediately beſtowed the government of that important fortreſs on Bothwell, ſo many ſteps in her conduct, inconſiſtent with all the rules of *prudence*, and of *decency*, muſt be imputed to an exceſs either of folly or of love. Mary's known character fully vindicated her from the former, of the latter many and ſtriking proofs ſoon appeared.

No direct evidence had yet appeared againſt Bothwell, but as time might bring to light the circumſtances of a crime in *which ſo many accomplices* were concerned, it was of great importance to *hurry over the trial*, while nothing more than *general ſuſpicions*, and uncertain ſurmiſes could be produced by his *accuſers*; for this reaſon, in a meeting of the privy council, held on the 28th of March, the 12th of April was appointed for the day of trial, and tho' the law allowed, and the manner in which criminal cauſes were carried on in that age, required a much longer interval; it appears from ſeveral circumſtances, that this ſhort ſpace was *conſiderably contracted*, and that Lenox had only 11 days warning to prepare for accuſing a perſon ſo far ſuperiour, both in power and favour: No man could be leſs in a condition to contend with an antagoniſt, who was thus ſupported; tho' Lenox's paternal eſtate had been reſtored to him when he was recalled into Scotland, it ſeems to have been conſiderably impaired, during his baniſhment; his vaſſals while he reſided in England had been accuſtomed to ſome degree of independence, and he had not recovered that abſolute aſcendant, over them which a *Feudal Chief* uſually poſſeſſed. He had no reaſon to expect the concurrence of any of thoſe factions, into which the Nobles were divided; during the ſhort period of his ſon's proſperity, he had taken ſuch ſteps as gave riſe to an open breach *with Murray and all his adherents*; the partizans of the houſe of Hamilton, were his hereditary and mortal enemies, Huntly was linked in cloſe confederacy with Bothwell, and thus to the *diſgrace* of the nation, *Lenox ſtood alone* in a cauſe where both *honour and humanity*, called ſo loud on his *countrymen* to ſecond him. It is remarkable too, that Bothwell himſelf was preſent, and ſat as a member in that meeting of privy council, which gave directions with regard to the time and manner of his trial, and he ſtill enjoyed not only full liberty, but was received into the Queen's preſence with the ſame diſtinguiſhed familiarity as formerly. Nothing could be a more cruel diſappointment to the wiſhes and reſentment of a father, than ſuch a premature trial, every ſtep towards which ſeemed to be taken by directions from the perſon who was himſelf accuſed of the crime, and calculated on purpoſe to *conceal* rather than to detect *his guilt*. Lenox foreſaw what would be the iſſue of this *mock inquiry*, and with how little ſafety to *himſelf* or ſucceſs to his *cauſe*, he could venture to appear on the *day prefixed*. In his former letters, tho' under expreſſions the moſt reſpectful, ſome ſymptoms of his diſtruſting the queen may be diſcovered. He ſpoke out now in plain language, he complained of the injury done him, by hurrying on the trial with ſuch *illegal precipitation*; he repreſented once more the indecency of allowing Bothwell not only to enjoy perſonal liberty, but to retain his former influence over her counſels, he again required her as ſhe regarded her own honour, to give ſome evidence of her ſincerity, in proſecuting the murder, by *confining the perſon* who was on good grounds ſuſpected to be the *author* of it; and till that were done he ſignified his own reſolution, not to be *preſent at the trial*, the manner and circumſtances of which were ſo *irregular and unſatisfactory*: He ſeems however, to have expected little ſucceſs from this application to Mary, and therefore at the ſame time, he beſought Elizabeth to interpoſe, in order to obtain ſuch a delay as he demanded; nothing can be a ſtronger proof, how violently he ſuſpected the one Queen, than ſubmitting to implore the aid of the other, who had treated his ſon with the utmoſt contempt, and himſelf and family with the greateſt rigour; Elizabeth who was never unwilling to interpoſe in the affairs of Scotland, wrote inſtantly to Mary, adviſed her to delay the trial for ſome time, and urged in ſuch ſtrong terms, the ſame arguments which Lenox had uſed, as might have convinced her to what an unfavourable conſtruction her conduct would be liable, if ſhe perſiſted in her preſent method of proceeding; neither her intreaties however, nor thoſe of Lenox could prevail to have the trial put off. On the day appointed Bothwell appeared, but with ſuch a *formidable retinue*, that it would have been *dangerous to condemn, and impoſſible to puniſh* him; *beſides* a numerous body of his *friends and vaſſals*, *aſſembled* according to cuſtom, from different parts of the Kingdom, He was attended by *a band of Soldiers*, who marched with *flying colours* along the ſtreets of Edinburgh; a court of juſtice was held with the *accuſtomed formalities*, an indictment was preſented againſt Bothwell, and Lenox was called upon to make good his accuſation; in his name appeared *Robert Conyngham*, one of his dependents, he excuſed his maſter's abſence, on account of the ſhortneſs of the time, which prevented his aſſembling his friends and vaſſals; without whoſe aſſiſtance, he could not with ſafety venture to ſet himſelf in oppoſition to ſuch a *powerful antagoniſt*, for this reaſon he deſired the court to *ſtop proceeding*, *and proteſted* that any ſentence which ſhould be paſſed at that time, ought to be deemed *illegal and void*. Bothwell on the other hand, inſiſted that the court ſhould inſtantly proceed to trial, one of Lenox's own letters, (was produced) in which he craved of the Queen to proſecute the murderers without delay. *Conyngham's* objections were overruled, and the jury conſiſting of Peers and Barons of the firſt rank, found Bothwell not guilty of the crime. No perſon appeared as an accuſer, not a ſingle witneſs was examined, nor any evidence produced againſt him; the jury under theſe circumſtances could do nothing elſe but acquit him; their verdict however was far from gratifying the wiſhes, or ſilencing the murmurs of the people: *Every circumſtance in the trial gave grounds for ſuſpicion, and excited indignation, and the judgment pronounced*, inſtead of being a proof of *Bothwell's innocence*, was eſteemed an argument of his *guilt*; paſquinades and libels, were affixed to different places, expreſſing the *ſentiments of the public*, with the utmoſt *virulence* of language.

The *jury themſelves*, ſeem to have been aware of the *cenſure* to which their proceedings would be expoſed, and at the ſame time that they returned their verdict, acquitting Bothwell, the Earl of Cathneſs *proteſted* in their *name*, that no crime ſhould be imputed to them on that account, becauſe no accuſer had appeared and no proof was bro't of the indictment; he took notice likewiſe, that the 9th, inſtead of the 10th of February, was mentioned in the indictment, as the day on which the murder had been committed, a circumſtance which diſcovers the extreme inaccuracy of thoſe who prepared the Indictment, and at the time, when men were diſpoſed and not without reaſon, to be ſuſpicious of every thing, this ſmall matter contributed to confirm, and to increaſe their ſuſpicions; even Bothwell himſelf, did not rely on the judgment which he had obtained in his favour, as a full vindication of his innocence; immediately after his acquittal, he in compliance with a cuſtom not then obſolete, publiſhed a writing, in which he offered to fight in ſingle combat, any gentleman of good fame, who ſhould preſume to accuſe him of being acceſſary to the murder of the King. Mary however, continued to treat him as if he had been *cleared by the moſt unexceptionable and ſatisfactory evidence*, the aſcendant he had gained over her heart, as well as over her counſels, was more viſible than ever; and *Lenox*, who could not expect that his own perſon would be ſafe, in a country where the murderer of his Son was abſolved without regard to juſtice, and loaded with honours, in contempt of decency, fled with precipitation towards England; two days after the trial, a parliament was held, at the opening of which, the Queen diſtinguiſhed Bothwell, by appointing him to carry the ſceptre before her: Moſt of the acts paſſed in this aſſembly, were calculated on purpoſe to ſtrengthen his party, and to promote his deſigns; he obtained the ratification of all the poſſeſſions and honours, which the partiality of the Queen had conferred on him; and the act to that effect, contained the ſtrongeſt declarations of his faithful ſervices to the crown, in all times paſt; the ſurrender of the caſtle of Edinburgh was confirm'd, the law of attainder againſt Huntly was repealed, and he and his adherents were reſtored to the eſtates and honours of their anceſtors; ſeveral who had been on the jury which acquitted him, *obtained ratifications* of the grants made in their favour, and as *paſquinades* daily multiplied, a *law* paſſed, whereby thoſe into whoſe hands any paper of that kind fell, were commanded inſtantly to deſtroy it, and if thro' their neglect it ſhould be allowed to ſpread, they were ſubjected to a capital puniſhment in the ſame manner as if they had been the original authors, &c. &c. Bothwell had gained ſuch dominion over Mary's mind, that he got an act paſſed in favour of the proteſtant religion: As he was meditating other crimes, he thought that would attone for much *guilt*, ſilence the clamour of the clergy, and induce the people to connive at, or to tollerate his crimes.—Every ſtep taken by Bothwell, had hitherto been attended with all the ſucceſs which his moſt ſanguine wiſhes could expect: But the power of the *Nobles* being ſo formidable, he durſt not venture on the *laſt* action, towards which all his ambitious projects tended, without their approbation. In order to ſecure this, he immediately after the diſſolution of the parliament, envited all the Nobles who were preſent, to an *entertainment*, having filled the houſe with his friends, and dependents, and ſurrounded it with *armed men*, He opened his intentions of marrying the *Queen*, (whoſe conſent he *had obtained*) and *demanded* their approbation of the match, his friends conſented and promoted it; the *Popiſh Eccleſiaſticks* devoted to the *Queen*, declared their ſatisfaction, the reſt who dreaded the *exorbitant power* which Bothwell had acquired, made a merit of yielding to a meaſure which they could neither defeat or oppoſe: Some were confounded and enraged, but in the end, *Bothwell*, partly by *promiſes and flattery*, and partly by *terror and force*, prevailed on all who were preſent, to ſubſcribe a paper, which leaves a deeper ſtain than any occurrence in that age, on the honour and character of the nation.——This paper contained the ſtrongeſt declarations of Bothwell's innocence, the moſt ample acknowledgments of his good ſervices to the kingdom; if any *future accuſation* ſhould be brought againſt *him* on account of the King's *murder*, the ſubſcribers promiſed to ſtand by him as one man, and to hazard their lives and fortunes in his defence; they recommended him to the Queen, as the moſt proper perſon ſhe could chooſe for a huſband.—Among the ſubſcribers of this paper, we find ſome of the Queen's chief confidants, others ſtrangers to her councils, obnoxious to her diſpleaſure; ſome who faithfully adhered to her, thro' all the viciſſitudes of her fortune, and others who became the principal authors of her ſufferings; ſome paſſionately attached to the Romiſh ſuperſtitions, others zealous advocates for the Proteſtant faith: This ſtrange coalition was the effect of much artifice, and muſt be conſidered as the boldeſt and moſt maſterly ſtroke of *Bothwell's addreſs*. He obtains a divorce from his wife, and marries the Queen!—Some years after, he proved to be one of the principal perpetrators of that horrid act, (the murder of the King) with the knowledge, conſent and orders of the Queen, who was afterwards beheaded by Elizabeth, &c. &c.

A. Z.

[☞ *To oblige our Correſpondents, we have inſerted this long Piece, which has left but little Room for other Matters, which we hope our other Friends will excuſe, as we ſhall endeavour to make amends for it in our future Publications.*]

BOSTON, May 4.

We can aſſure the public, that a pamphlet is now in town, printed in London, which contains many letters wrote by the favourers of the late ſtamp-act in America.—Theſe letters we ſhall favour the public with as ſoon as we can obtain them; but are ſorry they cannot give any pleaſure to a real friend to his country, as they contain more falſhood, malice and ill-will towards America than even a B——d was ever ſuſpected of.

Some men of power among us have affected to cenſure the conduct of New-York, in not making that proviſion for the King's troops that was ſpecified in the M—y Bill, when it is notorious, thoſe very gentlemen upon the firſt ſight of ſaid Act, expreſſed their utmoſt diſlike of it,—and gave it out publicly as their opinion, that it was full as unconſtitutional and dangerous an attempt upon our rights, as was

the ſtamp-act.—E
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Ship Elizabeth, Capt. R
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man, Newfoundland. S

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Has this Day imported in

1. THE Court and City
2. Doctor Fordyce'
3. *An Attempt to explain*
Creeds, Orthodoxy, Cath
Preſbyter of the Church
4. *Archdeacon Dodwell's C*
5. *Dean Swift's Letters*
from the Originals, by M
6. *Continuation of the Life*
7. *Burgh's Dignity of Hum*
8. *The Hiſtory of Eliza.*
9. *The genuine Letters bet*
10. *Biſhop Warburton's Se*
11. *Triſtam Shandy, 9th*
12. *Four Diſſertations, 1ſt,*
ſons to expect that virtu
State of Happineſs, 4th,
Richard Price, F. R. S.
13. *Hiſtory of Miſs Pitsbo*
14. *Laws concerning Maſte*
the Inner Temple.

Alſo the
1. *The accompliſh'd Maid.*
2. *The Perplexities.*
3. *The School for Guardian*
Things in ſaid NOEL'S *W*
as uſual.

the ſtamp-act.—Even Mr. S—O—r declared his ſurpriſe, that our patriots were ſo backward to take the alarm.

BOSTON, May 14. 1767.

At the Meeting of the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of this Town, on Friday laſt, the Gentlemen choſen to repreſent them in the General Aſſembly the current Year, were the ſame as the laſt Year, viz.

Hon. JAMES OTIS, Eſq;
Hon. THOMAS CUSHING, Eſq;
SAMUEL ADAMS, Eſq;
JOHN HANCOCK, Eſq;

Yeſterday Joſeph Andrews, who has been confined in Charleſtown-Goal, for ſome Time paſt, for the Murder of the Captain, Mate, and Boy belonging to a New-York Veſſel, in the Weſt-Indies; was put on board a Sloop bound to New-York: Two Conſtables of the Town, went as a Guard to him.

We hear that the three Perſons, mentioned in our laſt to have had their Ears cropt, &c. at Charleſtown, as ſoon as they returned to Goal had the Pieces which were cut off, ſewed on again; but to their great Diſappointment they all fell off laſt Week, and 'tis ſaid the remainder of their Ears are now *very ſore*.

Tueſday Night ſome villanous Perſon or Perſons went into the New-South Meeting houſe, where they cut and deſtroyed a Number of Cuſhions, Pſalm books and a large Bible; they did conſiderable other Damage, and left ſuch Marks of impious Behaviour, as will brand the Perpetrators with laſting Infamy.

HARTFORD, May 11.

The Troops which have been quartered in this Government, for ſome Months paſt, are gone by Water, to New-York.

At the General ELECTION held at Newport laſt Wedneſday, the following Gentlemen were choſen. viz.

Hon. STEPHEN HOPKINS, Eſq; Governor.
Hon. JOSEPH WANTON, Eſq; Deputy Governor.
Henry Ward, Eſq; Secretary.

NEW-YORK, May 21.

Yeſterday arrived the Ship ——, Capt. Peters, in 8 Weeks from Briſtol, but brings no later News than we have had.—Capt. Holmes of this Port, is arrived at Boſton from Briſtol.

Saturday Night laſt arrived here Capt. Pike, in a Ship from Poole, which Place he left the 2d of April laſt.

The ſame Night Capt. Burgis arrived here from Bermuda in 12 Days; by whom we learn, that a Northward-built Sloop loaded with Lumber, was lately met with at Sea, near that Iſland, without any People on board, and towed in there.

We hear from Goſhen, that on Thurſday Afternoon laſt, in a high ſoutherly Wind, a Fire by ſome unknown Accident, broke out in the Roof of the Dwelling-Houſe of Mr. Richard Gale, of that Place, and notwithſtanding all Endeavours, the Houſe was entirely conſumed, together with a Barn, and ſeveral out Houſes.—Moſt of the Houſhold Goods were ſaved.

A Neighbour's Houſe was with Difficulty preſerved.

We hear from Connecticut, that at a late general Election of Magiſtrates in that Colony, for the enſuing Year, the ſame Governor, Deputy Governor, and Council, that were choſen laſt Year, were re-elected, by a great Majority.

Arrived this Week the Brig Helena, Capt. Thomas Harriot, in 12 Days from St. Euſtatia. (In Lat. 69. 10. he ſpoke a Brig from Maryland for Glaſgow, out two Days)——The Ship Elizabeth, Capt. Robinſon, from St. Croix, in 19 Days.

Cuſtom-Houſe, New-York, Inward Entries.

Ferguſon, from Philadelphia. Berton, London. Elder, Bedlow, and Robinſon, St. Croix. Pike, Poole. Burch, Antigua. Thompſon, Monto Chriſto, Darrell, Turks-Iſland. Snedeker, St. Kitts.—Outward Entries.—Cunningham, and Bedlow, for St. Croix. Miſperlee, Falmouth. Tillinghaſt, and Jacobs, Rhode-Iſland. Snell, and Briggs, Grenadoes. Kipp, Jamaica.—Cleared for Departure.—Tillinghaſt, to Rhode-Iſland. Walker, New Orleans. Cunningham, St. Croix. Robinſon, Muſquitoes. Rogan, Honduras. Hammond, Penſacola. Schermerhorne, South-Carolina. Snell, Grenadoes. Munns, and Cheeſeman, Newfoundland. Stewart, Cork.

GARRAT NOEL,

Has this Day imported in the York, Capt. Berton, the following new BOOKS.

1. THE *Court and City Kalendar.*
2. *Doctor Fordyce's Sermons to young Women.*
3. *An Attempt to explain the Words, Reaſon, Subſtance, Perſon, Creeds, Orthodoxy, Catholic Church, Subſcription, &c. by a Preſbyter of the Church of England.*
4. *Archdeacon Dodwell's Clergyman's Aſſiſtant, in viſiting the Sick.*
5. *Dean Swift's Letters from the Year 1703 to 1740, publiſhed from the Originals, by Mr. Hawkeſworth.*
6. *Continuation of the Life of Mariamne.*
7. *Burgh's Dignity of Human Nature, a new Edition.*
8. *The Hiſtory of Eliza.*
9. *The genuine Letters between Henry and Frances.*
10. *Biſhop Warburton's Sermons.*
11. *Triſtam Shandy, 9th Volume.*
12. *Four Diſſertations, 1ſt, on Providence, 2d, Prayer, 3d, Reaſons to expect that virtuous Men ſhall meet after Death, in a State of Happineſs, 4th, on the Importance of Chriſtianity, by Richard Price, F. R. S.*
13. *Hiſtory of Miſs Pitsborough.*
14. *Laws concerning Maſters and Servants, by a Gentleman of the Inner Temple.*

Alſo the following new Plays.

1. *The accompliſh'd Maid.*
2. *The Perplexities.*
3. *The School for Guardians.——With a vaſt Variety of other Things in ſaid NOEL'S Way.——The Magazines and Reviews as uſual.*

72 75

AS ſome Perſons have been deſirous to know when any Engliſh Sermon would be preached by the Reverend Mr. HARDWICK, in the New Lutheran, or Evangelical Church, called Chriſt Church, in this City: This is to give them Notice, that he will preach an Engliſh Sermon, this Evening at half after 5 o'Clock; and that the ſinging Part, will be performed under the Direction of Mr. TUCKEY.

To be ſold at Public Vendue,

On the Premiſes, on Wedneſday the 10th Day of June next; or at private Sale any Time before;

A Small convenient Lot, or Farm of Ground in Harlem, containing between five and ſix Acres of Land, adjoining to the Road that leads from Harlem to King's-Bridge: There is a commodious ſmall Dwelling-Houſe on it;—the Ground is in good Fence, and has been richly manured for ſome Years paſt; Part of the ſaid Piece of Land is very good Mowing Ground, and ſome other Part of it is a good Garden. A good Title will be given for the ſame, by the Subſcriber, living on the Premiſes. 72 74 JAMES MOORE.

To be ſold at Public Vendue,

At the Merchant's Coffee-Houſe, on Tueſday the 28th July next;

THE whole of the real Eſtate of Henry Cuyler, deceaſed, conſiſting of the following Houſes and Lots of Land, viz.

The Houſe and Lot in which he lived, now in the Poſſeſſion of Andrew M' Myer.

A Houſe, and Lot of Ground, ſituate on Cruger's Dock, now in the Poſſeſſion of John and Thomas Burling.

Several Houſes, Store-Houſes, and Lots, with the Wharf, oppoſite to the Dwelling-Houſe in the Poſſeſſion of Andrew M' Myer.

A Tract of Land in the Oblong, No. 53, containing 500 Acres.

A ſmall Lot of Land in the Town of Hackenſack.

Several Lots of Land in the Great, or Hardenburgh Patent.

For further Particulars inquire of the Subſcribers, Executors to the deceaſed, who deſire all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate, to pay the ſame without further Notice, to ABRAHAM CUYLER; and all thoſe who have any Demands on ſaid Eſtate, to ſend in their Accounts to the ſaid Abraham Cuyler, at the Houſe of Henry Cuyler. 72 75

H. C.
J. C.
T. C.
A. C.

ALL PERSONS that have any Demands on the Eſtate of Albert Van Nordſtrant, late of the City of New-York, deceaſed, (for Debts contracted before the Deceaſe of the ſaid Albert Van Nordſtrant) are hereby deſired to bring in their Accounts to the Executors undermentioned, that they may be ſettled; and all Perſons that are indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, either by Bond, Note, or Book Debt, (which Debts were contracted before the Deceaſe of the ſaid Albert Van Nordſtrant) are deſired to diſcharge the ſame to the Executors of the ſaid Eſtate, within two Months after the Date hereof to prevent further Trouble.

GARRET VAN NORDSTRANT,
JACOB DURYEE,
ISAAC MEAD,
} Executors.

New-York, May 18th. 1767.

THE Reſident and Honorary Members of the St. ANDREW's Society, in New-York, are deſired to attend at a Quarterly Meeting of ſaid Society, on Monday Evening, the firſt of June next, at the Houſe of Peter Taylor, Vintner, near the Merchant's Coffee-Houſe.

By Order of the Preſident,
WILLIAM MALCOM, *Secry.*

Juſt imported in the York, Capt. Peter Berton, from London, and other Veſſels from Briſtol, and Amſterdam, and to be ſold reaſonably, for Caſh, by

EVERT BANCKER,

At his Store in Wall-Street, oppoſite Mr. Thurman's;

BEST Engliſh and Scotch oznaburgs, Ruſſia and Iriſh ſheeting, 7-8, and yard wide Iriſh linen, 3-4 dowlas, 3-4, and 7-8 garlicks; princes linens, tandems, piſtol lawns, damaſk table cloths, napkins, and clouting diaper; white and coloured threads, ſhirt buttons, fine blue and red ſpotted lawn handkerchiefs, black and coloured ſilk handkerchiefs; ſpotted bandanoes, cotton romals, and linen handkerchiefs; black perſian, black taffaty, black, green, and blue peelong; black ſilk and worſted hoſe, ſilk and worſted breeches patterns; cotton and brown thread hoſe, black ſilk and worſted mitts and gloves; ribands, ferrits, tapes, counterpains, corded and figured dimity, cotton ſtripes, black bombazeen, black everlaſting, ſagathy, ſhalloon, durants, tammies; brown buckram, 10-4 Flanders tick, bed-bunts, net twine, check, hair cloths, and table carpets; Engliſh and Dutch folio bibles; ſhoemakers ſpinniel, writing paper, ivory and horn combs; needles, pins, weaver-bruſhes, white waſh-bruſhes; round hair brooms, duſters, boenders, ſhoe-bruſhes, buckle-bruſhes: Square marble ſtones for hearths, jamb-tiles, iron backs; Harlem oil, Nuremburg ſalve, mace, cloves, cinnamon, nutmegs, and ſundry other goods. 72 75

PURSUANT to an Order made by Nathaniel Underhill, and Gilbert Bloomer, Eſqrs. two of the Juſtices of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas for the County of Weſt-Cheſter; upon the Petition of Robert Crawford, of Eaſt-Cheſter an inſolvent Debtor, and ſeveral of his Creditors; Notice is hereby given by the Petitioners, to all the Creditors of the ſaid Robert Crawford, to ſhew Cauſe, (if any they have) to the ſaid Juſtices, by the 27th Day of May, at three of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the Court-Houſe in the White-Plains; why an Aſſignment of the Eſtate of the ſaid Robert Crawford, ſhould not be made to Joſeph Drake, Yoman, Iſaac Butler, Merchant, and John Sneeden, Gentleman; all of Eaſt-Cheſter, appointed by the Petitioners for that Purpoſe, and the ſaid Robert Crawford, be thereupon diſcharged, agreeable to the Directions of three certain Acts of the Legiſlature of the Colony of New-York, the one intitled, "An Act for the Relief of inſolvent Debtors, and for repealing the Acts therein mentioned," one other intitled, "An Act to to continue an Act, for the Relief of inſolvent Debtors, and for repealing the Acts herein mentioned, with an Addition thereto," and the other intitled, "An Act more effectually to ſecure to Creditors the Benefits intended by the Acts for the Relief of inſolvent Debtors."——*Dated the 16th day of April, 1767.*

Peter T. Curtenius,

At the Sign of the Anvil and Hammer, oppoſite the Oſwego Market; intending to quit the Ironmongery Buſineſs; will ſell the following Goods for ready Caſh only, at 112 and a half per Cent. which is about prime Coſt, provided any Perſon will take an Aſſortment, not under Ninety or a Hundred Pounds worth at a Time; and to thoſe whom it does not ſuit to take ſo much, he will ſtill ſell conſiderably under the uſual Advance, viz.

GARDEN Spades, ditching ſhovels, files and raſps, ſcrew plates, hand and bench viſes, ſmith's hammers, and ſledges, croſs-cut ſaws, pit, pannel, tenon, dovetail, compaſs, and frame ſaws; broad axes, ſhip and houſe carpenter's adzes, augers, gimblets, centre and dowelling bits, claw hammers, rules, drawing knives, chiſſels, and gouges, planes, and plane irons; carpenter's rub ſtones, hatchets, helv'd and unhelv'd; braſs and iron chamber door locks, knob latches, cloſet and cupboard locks, double and ſingle ſpring cheſt locks, deſk and book caſe ditto, H and HL hinges, ſtraſs and croſs garnet ditto, cheſt hinges, braſs H and deſk ditto; braſs handles, and 'ſcutcheons, for deſks & ſcrutores; new faſhion'd braſs candleſticks, double branch ſconce ditto; beſt new faſhion'd double gilt, ſhoe and knee buckles; Bath metal, ſteel, braſs, pewter, and white metal ditto; ſteel chapes for ſilver buckles; ſnuff boxes, ivory and common table knives and forks; claſp and pen-knives, carving ditto; ſhoemaker's awls, tacks, pincers, nippers, hammers, awl haſts, ſpinnel, black ball, and maſheen wax; coat and ſleeve buttons, iron and braſs wire, braſs ſcales, ſteelyards, ſcale beams, tea-kettles, neſts of Indian kettles, iron hoops, ſcrews, brads, tacks, pump and clout nails of ſundry ſizes; frying and dripping pans, braſs cocks, double ſpring beaver traps, ſnap mouſe traps, gun barrels and locks, muſkets, piſtols and blunder buſſes, two very neat Engliſh fowling pieces, with blued barrels, and water pan locks; ſhovels and tongs, end-irons, pewter diſhes, porringers, and tea pots, ſaddler's blue, green, and ſcarlet fringe, and lace; ſtirrups, ſnaffels, and ſingle, ſtraining, and boot webs; whale bone, and common horſe whips; whip thongs and laſhes, worſted chair reins, coffin plates, lacing and bullions, braſs and iron chaffing-diſhes, cheſt handles, ſplinter and black pad locks, thumb latches, beſt black flints, braſs mortars for apothecaries, ditto for family uſe, pullies, braſs and iron knockers, ſhot pouches, and powder flaſks, horn combs, braſs and iron jews harps, ſpring and bell bolts, braſs chimney hooks, cloak pins, curtain rings, tea box ſets, common and poliſhed ſnuffers, ſtock locks, cork ſcrews, glaſs ſupporters, pliers, braſs bullet moulds, cooper's rivets, grid irons, rais'd joint butt hinges, pins, needles, iron and box coffee-mills, pie-pans, waffle-irons, marbles, cloth, and weaver's bruſhes, weaver's reeds, mace and cloves.——ALSO,

Two thouſand acres of land, lying in the county of Albany, along the weſt bank of the river, which empties out of Lake-George into Lake-Champlain, bounded by the garriſon lands belonging to Ticonderoga, and a conſiderable part of it by the aforeſaid river, as it runs.——LIKEWISE,

Eighty one acres of land, lying within the bounds of Marbel-Town, near Eſopus. (72 83)

[*The following extraordinary Addreſs, equally remarkable for the Ignorance and Inſolence it diſcovers, reſpecting America, would evince,——That even the private Individuals of our fellow Subjects in England, pretend to a Superiority over us, as if we were their Vaſſals and Slaves, and had not the ſame ſole Right to the Diſpoſal of our private Property as themſelves. This I ſay would be evident, if we had not good Reaſon to ſuppoſe, that the Addreſs was dictated by ſome of the diſappointed maglignant G——n——n Faction, and that thoſe who preſented it, were deceived and impoſed upon by Miſrepreſentations, rather than influenced by a wicked Deſign, to plunder their American Brethren of thoſe ſacred Rights ſo highly and deſervedly eſteem'd by themſelves.*]

LONDON, *March 5.*

The Addreſs of Thanks from the County of Bucks, to their Repreſentatives in Parliament.

WE the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, Gentlemen and Clergy of the County of Bucks, aſſembled at the Aſſizes held at Ayleſbury the third day of March, 1767, take this earlieſt opportunity to return our ſincere and cordial thanks to ſuch of our Repreſentatives in Parliament ſerving this county, and the ſeveral boroughs within the ſame, as have contributed by their virtue and ſpirit to relieve us from part of the heavy burden of four ſhillings in the pound upon land; a burthen in its full extent become, in theſe times of diſtreſs and ſcarcity, inſupportable.

WE are alſo encouraged to expreſs our earneſt hopes and confidence, that by the continuance of their aſſiſtance, and by the wiſdom and juſtice of a truly Britiſh Parliament, the ſtricteſt œconomy may be enforced, and that his Majeſty's loyal and obedient ſubjects, the land holders of this kingdom, will not be charged with an increaſe of taxes, unknown in time of peace, in order to defray expences, which have hitherto been conſtantly borne by his Majeſty's colonies in America; and of which thoſe colonies have, by inſurrection and violence, refuſed to contribute any part for their own protection and defence, though required thereto by an act of the Britiſh legiſlature."

[☞ *The following Remarks upon the above Addreſs, give us the more Pleaſure, as they ſhow, that the Engliſh Conſtitution (for the enjoyment of which alone the Americans contend) is not deſtitute of Friends and Advocates in England, who are able to expoſe and overthrow all the frivolous Pretences, and ridiculous Arguments of the ſecret and open Enemies to Great-Britain and her faithful Colonies.*]

[TURN OVER.]

For the PUBLIC ADVERTISER. LONDON.

HAMPDEN, To the County of *Bucks*.

Gentlemen, March 13, 1767.

THE Relationſhip formerly ſubſiſting between us, and the Conduct and Character I held in the moſt critical Situation England ever found itſelf in, makes Apologies from me to you unneceſſary for the Liberty I now take in addreſſing myſelf to you; for though I may appear to arraign your Principles, I have no other Motive than to juſtify my own, which muſt have been highly criminal in oppoſing the Claims of Charles Stuart, if the Conduct of the Americans is ſo atrocious, as you are pleaſed to declare it in your late Letter of Thanks to your Members.

Few People can ſee a good Reaſon for your mixing ſuch different Paſſions as Reſentment and Gratitude together; but the Spirit of Faction, under the Influence of a diſcarded Miniſter, and a ſelf-important Peer, will join the greateſt Contrarieties. Your Object in thanking your Repreſentatives can deceive no one here, nor indeed in your corrupted World. No one doubts that Selfiſhneſs is your governing Principle: which indeed you have not the Modeſty to conceal. But if you had been ambitious of acquiring a ſolid Intereſt, and real Applauſe from the reſt of the Kingdom, you would have addreſſed your Repreſentatives to relieve the Poor, by taking off thoſe Taxes which are peculiarly burthenſome to them, and then you would have done a public Good. As it is, I am afraid the laborious Tenant and Land-holder will have but little Benefit of the Reduction of the Land-Tax, which will only ſerve to promote the Diſſipation, and increaſe the Inſolence of the griping and ſelfiſh Landlord.

But why ſhould you treat your Fellow-Subjects in America in ſo opprobrious a Manner? Could you not ſhew your Gratitude, which generally flows from the pureſt Source, without corrupting and rendering it foul by the Blackneſs of Malice? But perhaps your Ignorance of America may have led you into this bad Diſpoſition, and indeed you are very ignorant of it, when you ſay, 'that the Expences 'you complain of have hitherto been conſtantly 'borne by his Majeſty's Colonies in America;' for we well know, neither the moſt blundering or moſt wicked Miniſter, that ever plagued this Country, attempted to tax America, until it entered the Head of a poor Financier, whom you are well acquainted with: But perhaps you have imputed the higheſt Crimes in Society to the Americans, only to raiſe the Clamour of Party againſt them; but if you have any Charity, conſider while you are thus made the Tools of Diſappointment and reſtleſs Ambition, you do all that is in your Power to render Three Millions of your Fellow-Subjects miſerable. The Fable of the Frogs and Boys may teach you Humanity.

I beg you would candidly conſider the Principles on which the Americans fancy a Right of Exemption from Taxes by the Britiſh Parliament. If you are too proud to condeſcend to enquire into the Principles, or have an Intereſt in diſregarding them; yet, if you have any Memory, you muſt know they are the very ſame which I ſupported in Defence of the Liberties which you now enjoy: The K—, who then claimed the ſupreme Power, levied a Tax, as he ſaid, for the Protection of the Kingdom; though in the profoundeſt Peace, and for the Neceſſities of the State, which he declared himſelf ſole Judge of; theſe were you know mere Pretences; but whether they were ſo or not was of little Moment; the Ground of my Opinion, then approved of by you for your own ſakes, was the having my Property taken from me without my Aſſent; that the ſame Power, which had a Right to do it for good Purpoſes, might not ſcruple, and would have the ſame Authority, to do it for the worſt; and that he, who only took Twenty Shillings at firſt, might and would ſoon rob me of my whole Eſtate. The K—, I ſaid, ought not to be inveſted with this Power, becauſe he had but little Knowledge of the Abilities of his Subjects and no Feelings of their Diſtreſs, as he parted with nothing from himſelf.

You know I was inſulted and abuſed by the Sycophants of Prerogative and Power, as guilty of Faction, Sedition, and Rebellion, in maintaining theſe Arguments, which I imagined were conſtitutional, were founded on the Law of Nature, and which conſiſtently no Climate, no Time, no Contract, could refute or impeach. Do not then, for my ſake, and what will have a greater Weight with you, for your own Sakes, abuſe your Fellow Subjects in America. Conſider they have as much Right to Liberty as yourſelves; that the Government of America may be made a Precedent for the like in Great Britain; and that your eſſential Intereſt may be affected by driving the Americans to Deſpair. Conſider that though you are an inland County, and may think you have little to do with Commerce; yet that in fact you would not have avoided the Calamity and Ruin which London, Briſtol, or Liverpool would have undergone by the Loſs of Trade, and which would certainly have enſued, if the Wiſdom of Parliament had not interpoſed, and repealed that Act, and changed thoſe Meaſures which you now ſo injudiciouſly preſs to have renewed. Remember that the Writs for furniſhing Ships were firſt directed to the Sea Ports, but that they were ſoon extended to you, who perhaps never ſaw any thing more than a Weſt Country Barge.

The Americans have indeed been led into a Miſtake; but it is ſuch as a well-intentioned People might have fallen into; therefore ought not to be calumniated; ſuch as you yourſelves would certainly have been guilty of, had you been in their Situation, and ſuch as I am ſure I ſhould not have avoided, if I had retained the Spirit and Principles of

March 7. HAMPDEN.

JOSEPH ALLICOCKE,

IS removed to the Corner Houſe fronting Wall and Queen Streets, where Mr. Peter Remſen formerly lived, and continues to ſell, as uſual,

MADEIRA WINE,

Of the beſt quality, by the Pipe, Hogſhead, Quarter Caſk or ſmaller Quantity; He likewiſe has for Sale, Batavia Arrack, by the Dozen, Gallon or ſingle Bottle; old French Brandy, beſt Jamaica Spirits, Weſt India Rum, & Holland Geneva, by the Gallon, &c. French Indigo, Hyſon, and Souchong Tea, very extraordinary; Velvet Corks, Sallad Oyl, &c. &c.

Philadelphia, May 7, 1767.

THE Public is deſired to take Notice, that the St. PETER's, &c. CHURCH LOTTERY will certainly be drawn on the 27th Day of May inſt. and therefore all Perſons in the Country, who have any Tickets unſold, are to return them to the Managers, ſo as to be in their Hands by the 20th of May, otherwiſe they will be deemed to be ſold. The Managers are induced to be thus peremptory, as the Demand is now great for Tickets.

THE LIQUID TRUE BLUE, to be ſold, at the Printing-Office at the Exchange, with Directions.——Price Three Shillings.

IN purſuance of an act of this colony of Connecticut, intitled an act for preventing fraud in debtors, &c. The ſubſcribers appointed by David Rowland, Eſq; judge of Fairfield county court, truſtees on the eſtate of Nathaniel Peck, jun. of Greenwich, in Fairfield county; hereby notify the creditors of ſaid Nathaniel Peck, to meet at the dwelling-houſe of Doctor Perez Fitch, in Stanford in ſaid county, on the fifth day of June next, at one of the clock in the afternoon, to approve, or diſapprove of all, or any of ſaid truſtees, or chooſe others.——Dated at Stamford, in Fairfield county, in the colony of Connecticut, this 9th day of May, A. D. 1767.

PETER MEAD,
PEREZ FITCH,
JONATHAN WARING, jun. } Truſtees.

(71 73)

IN purſuance of an act of this colony, intitled, "an act for preventing fraud in debtors," &c. The ſubſcribers appointed by David Rowland, Eſq; judge of Fairfield county court, truſtees of the eſtate of Solomon Finney, of Greenwich, in ſaid county, an inſolvent debtor; hereby notify the creditors of ſaid Finney, that they meet at the dwelling-houſe of Capt. Iſrael Knap, in ſaid Greenwich, on the 5th day of June next, at one of the clock in the afternoon, to appove, or diſapprove of all, or any of ſaid truſtees ſo appointed, or to chooſe others, if they ſee cauſe.——Dated at Fairfield, this 9th day of May, A. D. 1767.

EDWARD BRUSH,
NATHANIEL CLOSE,
DANIEL FINNEY, } Truſtees.

(71 73)

To be ſold at public Vendue, on Tueſday the 16th of June, or at private ſale any time before;

A Convenient houſe and lot of ground, ſituate in Naſſau-ſtreet, behind the City-hall, belonging to John Van Gelder, black-ſmith; the lot is 95 feet in length, on both ſides, and 25 feet front and rear, Dutch meaſure; in the houſe are five fire-places: There is on the lot beſides the houſe, a very good ſtable, a ſoap chandler's ſhop, and all the utenſils belonging to the ſoap and tallow chandler's buſineſs; among which is an excellent copper ſoap kettle, three large cedar lie-tubs, iron hoop'd, a parcel of excellent pewter candle moulds, and a parcel of hard ſoap: Any perſon inclining to purchaſe any of the above articles, or the houſe and lot, may apply to the ſubſcriber living on the premiſes, who will give an indiſputable title for the ſame.

(71 74) JOHN VAN GELDER.

THE OFFICE OF

JOHN C. KNAPP,

Attorney at Law, Money Scrivener, &c.

IS removed from Rotten-Row, to the Corner of Flattenbarrack-Hill, near the Old City-Hall, in Broad-Street; where the general Buſineſs will be carried on as uſual, with ſuch Conduct and Integrity, as may fruſtrate the mean Efforts of invidious deſigning Perſons; and ſecure a Continuance of the Public's Favour and Protection, to their devoted, and very obedient humble Servant,

John C. Knapp.

City of New-York, 27th of April, 1767.

To the PUBLIC.

BY Virtue of the King's Royal Patent for Great-Britain, Ireland, and the Plantations, for many Patent Medicines, to the Proprietors of each, to enjoy the full Benefit, are now ſold, under Royal Sanction, by Meſſrs. *William* and *Cluer Dicey*, and Co. of London, who now appoint their genuine Medicines, to be ſold in New-York, by

Gerardus Duyckinck, Merchant, only,

And by at leaſt one reputable Trader in each City and Chief Town in Great-Britain, Ireland, &c. the Sundries as follows, viz.

DR. Bateman's Pectoral Drops.
Dr. Fraunces's ſtrengthening Elixir.
Dr. Hooper's Female Pills.
Schwanberg's Liquid Shell.
Radcliff's Elixir.
Chaſe's Pills.
Betton's Britiſh Oil.
Anderſon's Scots Pills.
Golden and plain Spirits of Scurvy Graſs.
Fryer's Balſam.
James's Fever Powder.
Boſtock's, Squire's, and Stoughton's Elixir.
The Original Godfry's Cordial.
Daſſy's Elixir.
Pike's Antidote, which cures the Itch, and all Eruptions and cutaneous Diſorders.
Ladies ſticking Plaſter.
Proper Directions to each, and ſold as above-mentioned, to avoid the Conſequence of Counterfeits.

Anodine Necklaces.
King's Honey Water.
Lotion Water.
Jeſuits Drops, & Viper Drops.
Elixir of Bardana
Eſcence of Valerian.
Waterdock.
Tincture of golden rod
Balſam of Honey.
} Prepar'd by Dr. Hill.
Boſem, or Oriental Balſam.
Worm deſtroying Sugar Plumbs.
Turlington's Balſam of Life, a Quantity of his laſt ſigning, and a Quantity ſign'd by Martha Wray and Mary Sopp, the preſent Proprietors.
Balſam of Health.
Lockyer's Pills.
Lip-ſalve.

N. B. The above are bought by William and Cluer Dicey, and Comp. from the Original Ware-Houſes, and warranted genuine.

LIKEWISE:

Nuremberg Salve, and Harlem OIL.

TO BE SOLD,

By Philip Livingſton,

At his Store near the FERRY STAIRS:

BEST Ruſſia Duck, Ticklenburgh, Tea-Kettles, Roll Brimſtone Bruſhes of various Sorts, Marble Squares for Hearths, cheap Ruſſia Toweling, very fine large Diaper Table Cloths, and Napkins; Jamaica Spirits, Barbados Rum, excellent Madeira Wine; Vermillion, Powder Blue, Mill Stones, double and ſingle refin'd Loaf Sugar, Lump Sugar, and clarifi'd Muſcovado Sugar, Pimento, Quart Bottles in Hampers, Rape Oil in Jugs; a Parcel of choice new Rice by the ſingle Tierce, Geneva and other Spirits by the Hogſhead, or in 12 Bottle Caſes; and a Parcel of ſmall Looking-Glaſſes; alſo Congo and Shouſhong Tea. (71 74)

A Public School was opened the First Day of this Inſtant May, at the East-End of Horſe and Cart-Street, the Second Door from the Corner, near the New High Dutch Lutheran Church: Where the Public may depend upon having their Children taught after a moſt conciſe Method, applicable to Buſineſs; in Reading, Writing, Arithmetick, &c. with the utmoſt Care and Diſpatch.

(71 74) By PETER SPARLING.

THE Co-partnerſhip between Breaſted and Vanderbilt, is now diſſolved: All perſons that are indebted to them, are deſired to make ſpeedy payment to Andrew Breaſted, living oppoſite to Mr. Samuel Verplanck's, or to John Vanderbilt, oppoſite the fly-market; and all perſons that have any demands on ſaid partnerſhip, are deſired to ſend in their accounts that they may be paid.

New-York, May 1, 1767. (71 74)

ANDREW BREASTED,

is removed from the Fly-market, in Wall-ſtreet, oppoſite to Mr. Samuel Verplank's,—where he ſells very cheap, —bohea tea—brown ſugar—beſt Scotch ſnuff—French indigo —pepper—coffee—chocolate, and ſundry other articles in the grocery way. 71 74

TO BE SOLD,

THE Houſe and lot of land, formerly belonging to the French Dr. John Devauſnee, now the property of Dr. Abiather Millard, ſituate in Aquacanack, on the weſt ſide of Paſſaick-River; A houſe with three rooms on a floor, and fire-places in each; a good garden, well, barn, and chair-houſe, together with a convenient wharf, nigh the door, for any boat of 20 tons or under, to come to: The above lot of land contains about half an acre.—An indiſputable title to ſaid premiſes, will be given; for further particulars inquire of Mr. Gabriel H. Ludlow, merchant in New-York, or John Ludlow, merchant near the premiſes. 71 74

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

RUN-away the 9th of March laſt, from Philip Moſes, in Philadelphia, a Dutch indented Servant Man, named John George Herman: Has black ſtraight Hair, and a large flat Face, with blue Pimples on it:—Had on a coarſe blue Coat, lined with red, a white Jacket, with black Spots, and Sleeves to it; a Pair of blue grey wove Stockings, new Buckſkin Breeches, and a Soldier's coarſe Hat, ſpeaks good French and Dutch.—Whoever ſecures ſaid Runaway, ſo as he may be had again, ſhall have Sixteen Dollars Reward, and all reaſonable Charges paid by ſaid Philip Moſes, in Philadelphia, or Samuel Bowne, Merchant in New-York.

N. B. He was the latter End of March taken up, at one George Hays's, near the White-Plains, and as the Perſon who took him, was bringing him for New-York, he made his Eſcape. New-York, April 28, 1767.

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the Exchange, in Broad-Street, where all Sorts of Printing Work is done in the neateſt Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertiſements of a moderate Length are inſerted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after.

SUPPEMENT to the NEW-YORK JOURNAL,
OR GENERAL ADVERTISER.—NUMB. 1272.
[THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1767.]

ARTICLES *left out last Week, for want of Room.*

To the PRINTER of the LONDON CHRONICLE.

THE various news-papers are now pretty much of opinion, that there will be no change whatſoever in the Adminiſtration, for my own part, I don't ſee what the public have to hope from any alterations in a Miniſtry; the principles of every man in power are ſo nearly alike, and all Stateſmen however they may differ in other things, ſtill agreeing in the main end of oppreſſing the public; the public of courſe ſhould be regardleſs who is entruſted with the management of their concerns, unleſs they are particularly captivated with the manner in which they are pillaged by any particular ſet of plunderers. A man undoubtedly would chooſe, if he muſt be ſtript, to be ſtript with a good grace, and therefore, the only things we require in a Miniſter, are politeneſs and dexterity. H. I.

LONDON, March 19.

In a letter lately ſent by Lord Clive to his father, we are informed, his Lordſhip acquainted him that he had been upwards of ſeven hundred miles up the country, to the capital of the Great Mogul, who had not only conferred on him the title of an Omrah, but ſheweth him more diſtinguiſhed marks of his favour than to any other perſon whatever. His Lordſhip alſo ſays, that he has the pleaſure to acquaint him, that he had acquired a revenue to the Eaſt-India Company of four millions ſterling per annum.

The laſt Amſterdam Gazette, under London, March 3, ſays, "We are aſſured that, by virtue of a treaty on the point of concluſion between this Crown and the Empire of Morocco, the Engliſh are permitted, among other privileges, to form a ſettlement near the promontory, adjacent to Cape Verd, on the coaſt of Africa."

All the regiments on the Britiſh and Iriſh eſtabliſhments are to have the number of each regiment marked on their buttons. The French army have long ſince followed this, and find it uſeful.

It is ſaid the whole army, and even the militia, will have white waiſtcoats and breeches.

Saturday was held a board of longitude.

Both houſes of convocation met on Friday, and further adjourned 'till the 15th of May.

Letters from Vienna of the 28th ult. adviſe, that the ordinance which the Empreſs Queen iſſued there lately, prohibiting gaming of every kind, is alſo juſt publiſhed in Hungary.

We hear commiſſions have been this week received to engage ſeveral artificers in the gunpowder manufactory, to embark for New-York and Philadelphia.

March 20. It is ſaid William Poultney, Eſq; formerly William Johnſtone, Eſq, of Solway Bank, will ſoon be created a Britiſh Peer, by the title of Lord Bath.

They write from Cadiz, that ten battalions of Spaniſh infantry and marines, were daily expected there, to be embarked on board ſeveral men of war, frigates, and bombketches, and it was ſaid their deſtination was for the coaſt of Barbary.

They write from Algiers that twenty ſeven natives of Corſica, ſome months ago made priſoners on board a Tuſcan veſſel in the Mediterranean, had, by the mediation of his Britannick Majeſty's Conſul, obtained their liberty, and were embarked on board a French Tartan, on their return home.

There is no likelihood whatſoever we are well inform'd of an equal land tax taking place becauſe tho' it is known to be extremely unequal ſtill, new purchaſes being made every day in the aſſeſſed counties, and the conditions of theſe purchaſes being regulated by the moderation of the tax, it would be hard on thoſe who give an additional price for an eſtate on this account to loſe the advantage of their bargain, and to be ſubject to the ſame impoſition with thoſe counties in which they can buy lands, at an infinitely more reaſonable rate.

The late failure of a great Merchant was occaſioned by his having diſburſed ſeveral large ſums on a corn contract with Italy, which he had agreed to ſupply, to the amount of 100,000l, with American wheat. The ſtipulated cargoes are now on the ſeas, and ſhould this adventure turn out well, as is rather probable, he will have a very conſiderable ſurplus after the full payment of his creditors, if not, they will be great ſufferers.

PHILADELPHIA, May 7.

Sunday laſt Capt. Sparks, arrived here from London; on the 24th of laſt month, in lat. 33, 30: long. 71, 20: he took on board Capt. Amory, and his people (13 in number) late of the ſhip Dove, belonging to Hull, bound from Barbados for Cape-Fear, which ſhip ſprung a leak the 22d, about ten o'clock in the morning, and the water gained on them ſo faſt that they could not keep her free, and ſhe ſunk about one o'clock the next morning; the Capt. and crew took to their boats, and were providentially met with by Capt. Sparks.

Capt. Oſborne, in 8 weeks from Glaſgow, on the 20th of March, about 50 leagues to the weſtward of Ireland, ſpoke a brig from New-York for Belfaſt; on the 19th, in lat. 38: 6: long. 58: 24, ſpoke ſloop from Rhode-Iſland for Whitehaven.

Captain Buſſy, from Saltertuda, on the 27th ult. in lat. 36: 56: long. 72: 26: ſpoke a brig from Cape-Francois for Rhode-Iſland, 23 days out, but could not learn the maſter's name.

ARRIVALS.

From New-London. Capt. Crockat at Jamaica.

From Boſton. Captains Clark, Malcom, Stanton, Davis, and Tyler, at Jamaica.—And Captain Dunn at Glaſgow.

From Rhode-Iſland. Captains Newdigate, Tillinghauſt, Northam, Shilling and Sherman, at Jamaica.

NEW-YORK, May 21.

Saturday laſt ended the April Term of the Supreme Court of this Colony, during which the following Perſons had their Trials, viz. Wm. Richards, Charles Hunt, Elizabeth Clark, Sarah Peters, Sarah Gilbert, and Pompey, a Negro, all indicted for Grand Larceny; guilty, and burnt in the Hand: John Dowers, and Elizabeth his Wife, for a Riot and Aſſault, guilty, and fined Three Pounds each. Samuel Smith, for a Cheat, found guilty, and fined Five Pounds. David Smith, and his Wife were both indicted for Burglary, found Not guilty: But ordered by the Court to be delivered to the Sheriff of Pennſylvania, being charged with divers Felonies committed there.—Several others were indicted for Larceny, and other Crimes, but acquitted.

Laſt Tueſday Capt. Malony arrived here in eight Weeks from Cadiz, by whom we learn, that there are not the leaſt Appearances of any deſign of the Spaniards to attack Gibraltar, but that a quiet friendly Intercourſe continued as uſual between the Spaniards and that Garriſon: On the 19th of April, he ſpoke with a Brig from South-Carolina, bound for St. Kitts.—He ſays the Gale of Wind on Monday the 4th was very violent off the Coaſt.

Laſt Thurſday died in an advanced Age, at his Seat near Harlem, Mr. ST. GEORGE TALBOT.

Saturday laſt departed this Life, in the 31ſt Year of her Age, Mrs. Mary Walton, Wife of Mr. William Walton, of this Place, (and Daughter of the late Hon. James De Lancey, Eſq;) a Lady, whoſe Death is much regretted.

WANTED,

To tend a Forge in Virginia, a Finer, who underſtands his Buſineſs, and can be well recommended. Such a one may hear of Encouragement, by inquiring of the Printer at the Exchange. 40.

HORSES will be taken to Paſture on Nutten-Iſland, at Twenty Shillings, and yearling Colts at Fifteen Shillings per Month: Any Perſon may ſend their Horſes without any Application; but none will be allowed to take them away without a written Order, from

THOMAS FRANKLIN, jun.
Or CASPAR WISTAR.
New-York, May 10, 1767. (71 74)

TO BE SOLD at private Sale, and a good Title given by the Subſcriber.

A Small Farm, lying on the North-River, about 6 Miles from New-York, at a place called the Bull's Ferry in Bergen County, where is a convenient Landing-Place—There is on the Farm, a Dwelling-Houſe, a Barn and 2 Barracks, with 6 Acres of choice Meadow.——For further Particulars, inquire of JOHN ETSELL in Engliſh Neighbourhood, or of the Subſcriber in N. York. 58 WILLIAM DOBBS

TO BE LET, for the enſuing year, very conveniant for a baker or tavern-keeper, the dwelling-houſe, bake-houſe belonging to the eſtate of John Van Vorſt, deceaſed, now occupied by the widow Brower, near the Battery.——Inquire of

JAMES VAN VORST.

RED and white PORT, very excellent Quarter-Caſks, in Pipes, Hogſheads, and Quarters, to be ſold by CHARLES NICOLL, at the White-Hall. 26.

ALL Perſons that have any juſt Demands againſt the Eſtate of HENDRICK SCHENK, late of Millſtone, in the County of Somerſet and Province of New-Jerſey, Merchant, deceaſed; are deſired to bring in the ſame to the Subſcriber, and they ſhall be paid, and all thoſe Perſons who are indebted to the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to pay the ſame, or elſe give their Bonds and Security, ſome Time in May next; or elſe they may expect to be proſecuted.

PETER SCHENK, Executor.
Millſtone, April 17, 1767. (68 71)

For the Publ
HAMPDEN,

Gentlemen,

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my ſake, and what will have a greater Weight with you, for your own Sakes, abuſe your Fellow Subjects in America. Conſider they have as much Right to Liberty as yourſelves ; that the Government of America may be made a Precedent for the like in Great Britain ; and that your eſſential Intereſt may be affected by driving the Americans to Deſpair.

The POWER *of* DRINKING.

Exemplified in a Story of Sir *Thomas More*, when he was Ambaſſador from King Henry the Eighth to the Emperor.

THE Morning he was to have an Audience, he called for a Bumper of Sack ; drank it, and aſked for another ; the Servant would have diſſuaded him from it, but he could not. He drank that off, and afterwards a third ; he then inſiſted on a fourth, but being over perſuaded by his Servant to let it alone. When he returned from his Audience, " Rogue, ſaid he to his Man, what Miſchief have you done me ? I ſpoke ſo well to the Emperor, on the Inſpiration of the three Glaſſes I had drank, that he told me I was fit to govern Three Parts of the World :——Now, you Scoundrel, had I drank the fourth Glaſs, I had been fit to govern all the World."

A Whimſical WILL.

SINCE Youth and Age muſt quit the Stage,
And, either ſoon or late,
By Death be hurl'd out of the World ;
So ſtern's the Will of Fate !

I, in the Prime of Health and Time,
Without Regret, divide,
And frankly ſhare, what I muſt ſpare,
As Reaſon deigns to guide.

Imprimis. To the wrangling Crew
Of Catchpoles and Attornies,
I leave my Feet, ſo light, and fleet,
To ſpeed them on their Journies.

And, as I know their Fund's ſo low,
I, to their other Talents,
Add Scruples three of Honeſty,
Their dark Accounts to balance.

In this Bequeſt, above the reſt,
I had been more profuſe ;
But that, 'tis plain, one ſingle Grain
Is more than ere they uſe.

To thirty Sots, I leave full Pots
Of Water mix't with Gall ;
And, what's far worſe, an empty Purſe,
And Credit ſunk withal.

To Coquets nice, this ſage Advice
I leave to all their Clan,
To lay aſide their empty Pride,
And marry when they can.

To formal Prudes, whom Love excludes,
Deſpair and rotten Teeth ;
Wrinkles, grey Hairs, and all the Cares
Old Maids are peſter'd with.

The Daſtard's Part, ſhall be my Heart,
My Fortitude, and Spirit ;
And ſuch as fret, and oft take Pet,
My Patience ſhall inherit.

The beauteous Fair, my Love ſhall ſhare,
Who's virtuous, true, and loyal ;
The reſt I leave, Rakes to deceive,
And ſtand the old Maid's Trial.

Such Tools of State, whom public Hate
Has wrapp'd in dark Diſguiſe,
Who graſp at Pow'r, and Wealth devour,
To Juſtice I deviſe.

Each noiſy Scold, who, uncontroul'd
By Reaſon, can't be civil,
But din Mankind, I leave conſign'd
To Bedlam or the D——l.

T. COSMOP.

STEUART,

DRUGGIST and APOTHECARY,
At the GOLDEN HEAD :

HAS removed from between Burling's and Beekman's-Slip, to the Houſe lately occupied by Meſſrs. Walter and Thomas Buchannan, in Queen-Street, (between Hanover-Square and the Fly-Market :) Where he continues to carry on his Buſineſs as uſual ; and hopes his Friends in Town and Country, will ſtill continue to Favour him with their Cuſtom, as they may depend on his perſevering to keep none but the beſt of Medicines, and to Sell on as low Terms as poſſible.

Said STEUART, has juſt imported in the Ship New-York, Capt. Lawrence ; a freſh and general Aſſortment of DRUGS and MEDICINES. (70 72)

A CORNER Houſe and Lot of Ground, to be ſold, near the Baptiſt Meeting, on Golden-Hill, belonging to William Dobbs, now living in the Houſe ; for which he will give a good Title. 58—

Walter & Thomas Buchannan, & Co.

Have imported in the laſt Veſſels from Britain, and have for Sale at their Store in Queen-Street, nigh the Fly-Market ;

MEN's rib'd and plain thread and worſted hoſe,
Women's thread and worſted hoſe
Stocking patterns
Women's worſted & ſilk mitts
Tammies, callimancoes, durants, camblets, cambricks and lawns
Barcelona handkerchiefs
Cravats, do. and ſewing ſilk
Needles, pins and buckram,
Oznabrugs, towelling, ſheeting, and diaper
White and brown linens
Striped hollands
Cotton and linen checks
White and coloured jeans,
Check handkerchiefs
White and coloured thread
Tapes and garters
Quality bindings
Scots plaids and carpets
Damaſk table cloths and napkins
Ivory and horn combs
Men's and women's ſhoes
A few pipes of wine ; and ſail-cloth, from No. 1 to VI.

N. B. Have alſo for ſale, a 9 and half inch cable, and 2 hauſers of 6 inches each, with other cordage proper for a veſſel of about 150 tons. 68—

Edward Agar,

TAKES this Method to acquaint the Public, that he has removed his Shop to the upper End of Wall-Street, near the City-Hall ; where he continues to ſell as uſual, all Sorts of Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, &c. &c. either Wholeſale or Retail, on the ſame reaſonable Terms as formerly, and hopes for the Continuance of the Favours of his former Cuſtomers : He has imported in the laſt Veſſels from London, a large and freſh Aſſortment of Medicines in general, all of the beſt Quality.

LIKEWISE,

Doct. Hill's Pectoral Balſam of Honey.
Ward's Eſſence for the Head-Ach.
Daffy's Cordial, purging Elixer.
Stoughton's Bitters.
Turlington's Balſam of Life.
Bateman's Pectoral Drops.
Godfrey's Cordial.
Greenough's Tincture for cleaning and preſerving the Teeth.
Eſſence of Balm of Gilead, for Conſumptions and inward decays.
Doct. Ryan's Sugar Plumbs, for deſtroying Worms.
Doct. James's Fever Powders.
Sirop de Orgeot.
Sirop de Capillair
Syrup of Lemons, for making Punch, very convenient for Perſons going to Sea, as it will keep many Months.
Beſt Hungary, Lavender, and Honey Water.
Eau de Luce, Eau Sans Pariel.
Eſſence of Lavender, Roſmary, Lemons, Burgamot, Ambergris, &c. &c.
Beſt plain and perfum'd Hair Powder.
Pomatum, both hard and ſoft.
Blacking Ball.
Tooth Powder and Bruſhes.
Shaving Boxes and Bruſhes.
Waſh Balls.
Shaving Powder, &c. &c. &c.
Superfine, plain and ſpiced, Chocolate.
Cinnamon, Mace, Nutmegs, and Cloves.
Pearl and French Barley.
Prunes.
Oatmeal.
Fine Capers in Bottles.
Beſt white Wine Vinegar.
The fineſt Florence Sweet Oil in Caſks.

70 73)

To be Sold, or Let,

On the Premiſes, at public Vendue, at 10 o'Clock, on Friday the 5th Day of June next, or by private Agreement any Time before :

A Houſe and Lot, now in the Occupation of Mr. John Bryant, Maſon, formerly belonging to Mr. Tenus Rapalje, on Ferry-Street, adjoining on one Side to Mr. John Burger, on the other to Mr. Willet. The Front of the Lot on the Street is 17 Feet 4 Inches, and runs 53 Feet Back. The Houſe is new, has a Brick Front, is 2 Stories high, and has 5 Rooms with Fire-places : In the Yard is a good Ciſtern—An indiſputable Title will be given to the Purchaſer, by

JAMES SEACORD,
At Iſaac Blank's, Shoemaker, Ferry-Street.

To be ſold at public Vendue, at the Merchant's Coffee-Houſe, on Tueſday the 14th Day of July next ;

TEN Years Leaſe, from the firſt of May Inſtant, of two Houſes and Lots of Ground, ſituate on the North Corner of the Vineyard, facing and directly oppoſite the new Preſbyterian Church ; the Corner Houſe noted for a well accuſtomed Tavern, keeping the Sign of General Wolf, has four Rooms on the lower Floor, and is convenient for Lodgers up Stairs. The other is a new Houſe adjoining the aforementioned, excepting a large Gang Way between the two, deſigned for the Uſe of both ; it is two Stories high, has a commodious Room on the lower Floor of 28 Feet long, deſigned for Dancing, three Rooms above Stairs, and a large Garret ; there is a very ſuitable Stable in the Yard, will hold four Horſes comfortably, and three Load of Hay in the Loft ; alſo a large Gang or Cartway, from the Rope-Walk, out of the Eaſt Side of the Corner Houſe : Poſſeſſion will be delivered to the Purchaſer, on the firſt of Auguſt next, when the purchaſe Money is to be paid, and a good Title given by John Alſop :—For farther Particulars Inquire of *MICHAEL HANSEN*, living on the Premiſes. (70 74)

Juſt imported a large Aſſortment of Goods, ſuitable for the Spring and Summer ; and to be ſold Wholeſale and Retail,

By ENNIS GRAHAM,

TAYLOR, at the Corner of Wall-Street :

A Large aſſortment of Wilton's ſilk and worſted ſagathies, derſetties, camblets, ſilk and worſted grograms, crapes, ſingle and double aloperen, cloth colored jennets, cloth colored pillow fuſtian, white jeans, nankeens, white India dimity, ſilk damaſcus, Turkey burdetts, ſtriped and cloth colored Perſians, ſuperfine and middling broad cloths, ſcarlets, ſcarlet and cloth colored ſerges, kerſies, ſerges, Cheſhire cottons, flannels, ratinets, ſhalloons, duroys, tammies, ſcarlet and ſtriped ſhalloons, men's gloves ; ſerge denim, everlaſtings, thicketts ; ſeveral pieces very curious cut and uncut Genoa velvet, with gold flowers ; ſcarlet, Manchester velvets, for coats, and men's coats ; red tapes, broad and narrow white tapes, ſtay tapes, glaz'd linen, brown, white and black buckrams ; foaming ſkins, buckſkin gloves, ſhoe and knee buckles, table knives and forks, cutlean knives, children's knives, ſnuff boxes, razors, chimney boots, common and white chopped weſkets, Taylor's ſhears, iron watches, lapboards, thimbles, bodkins, 96 ditto, death head do. ſcarf twiſt, a large aſſortment of ſewing ſilks, threads, a large aſſortment of broad, middling and narrow knee garters ; mohair binding for coats, ſhoe do. broad London quality, do. mohair cord for women's cloaks, and men's coats ; red tapes, broad and narrow white tapes, ſtay tapes, glaz'd linen, brown, white and black buckrams ; foaming ſkins, buckſkin gloves, ſhoe and knee buckles, table knives and forks, cutlean knives, children's knives, ſnuff boxes, razors, chimney boots, common and white chopped weſkets, Taylor's ſhears, iron watches, lapboards, thimbles, bodkins. 96

Province of New-Jerſey. December 3,

WHEREAS a Law was paſſed in New-Jerſey t
June 1765, appointing Commiſſioners to run out ſtr
lic Roads through ſaid Province, between New-York and
phia, and empowering them to raiſe a Sum of Money b
Lottery, not exceeding £.500, towards defraying the Charg
accordingly a Lottery was thereupon ſoon after ſet on Foot
the troubled State of Affairs at that Time, occaſioned by
Act, the Proceedings of the ſaid Lottery were delayed ;
apprehended that the ſalutary Purpoſe might now be ef
Managers therein appointed have thought fit for that End
the following Scheme of a Lottery, to conſiſt of 2222 T
4 Dollars each ; 662 of which are, to be fortunate as follo

1	Prize of Dollars,	750	is Dollars,	75
1		500		50
1		250		25
1		200		20
3		100		30
6		50		30
12		40		48
20		30		60
30		20		60
100		10		100
485		8		388
1	first Drawn	14		14
1	laſt Drawn	14		14
662	Prizes,			
1560	Blanks,			
2222	Tickets, at	4 Dollars each, are		888

From which a Deduction of 15 per Cent. is £.499 1
fortunate Numbers are to be printed in the N. York and
vania Papers, as ſoon as poſſible after the Drawing, whi
directed by John Stevens, James Parker of Perth-Amboy ;
therill of the Townſhipof New Brunſwick ; Daniel Ellis of
ton, and John Edwards of Bordentown, who are appoint
gers and Commiſſioners for the Road leading from the Fe
oppoſite Perth-Amboy, to Burlington ; and John Berrien,
hill ; Daniel Coxe, of Trentown ; Azariah Dunham, of
wick ; Ephraim Terrill, & Abraham Clark, jun. of Elizabe
who are likewiſe appointed Managers, and Commiſſioner
Road leading from Newark and Elizabeth-Town, to Tr
Borden Town agreeable to ſaid Act ; and are to be under
the due and impartial Performance of their Duties.

The ſhortening and improving the public Roads through
vince, will be a great Advantage to the commercial In
general Convenience of the Inhabitants thereof, as well
general Advantage to the Neighbouring Provinces, parti
Pennſylvania and New-York ; and as it is the firſt Th
Kind that has been attempted on the Continent, it is not d
every public ſpirited Perſon in this, as well as the Nei
Provinces, will generouſly contribute to an Undertaking,
greatly to the Advantage and Eaſe of Men of Buſineſs
ture ; as it is judged the Diſtance between New York a
delphia will be ſhorten'd 12 or 15 Miles, and the Roads
more paſſable and convenient for Travellers in the Wint
than the Preſent.

Tickets are to be had of Daniel Ellis of Burlington, Da
of Trenton, James Parker of Perth-Amboy, and Abraham C
of Elizabeth-Town, and of all the other Managers in J
their reſpective Dwellings.

A freſh Importation, juſt rece

Per the Hope, Capt. Davis, and the N. York, Capt. La

At the UNIVERSAL STOR
Or the MEDLEY of GOODS,

By Gerardus Duyckin

At the Sign of the Looking-Glaſs, and Druggiſt
Corner of the Old-Slip-Market, New-York ;
Where is ſold, a Variety of Aſſortments, either by Wh
or Retail, at a reaſonable Price, viz.

LOOKING Glaſſes
Pictures
China
Paper Hangings
White Flint Glaſs Ware
Table and Kitchen Furniture
} A beautiful and
able Aſſortmen

Window and Coach Glaſſes
Painters and Limners Colours
Dying Colours and Fullers Articles
Japanning Varniſhes
Gold and Silver Leaf
Founders and Smelters Articles
} Almoſt every Art
theſe Branches
dious to menti

Hatters Trimmings
Carpetting
Jewellery

Spicery, and
Do. for Diſtilling of C
Oils extracted, and ch

LIKEWISE:

Allum
Copperas
Brimſtone
Nails
Pewter

Lead in Sheets and Bar
Shot
Wire
Writing Paper

Drugs and Medicines,

With a general Aſſortment of genuine patented Med
as extenſive in the above Articles, as any of the Faculty
or moſt Practitioners, or Families require.

To be ſold, *for CASH only*, at a very low Rate, p
larly to the Venders thereof. (67 7

I rack-Hill, near the Old City-Hall, in Broad-Street ; where the general Buſineſs will be carried on as uſual, with ſuch Conduct and Integrity, as may fruſtrate the mean Efforts of inviſidious deſigning Perſons ; and ſecure a Continuance of the Public's Favour and Protection, to their devoted, and very obedient humble Servant,

John C. Knapp.

City of New-York, 27th of April, 1767.

and Dutch.—Whoever ſecures ſaid Runaway, ſo as he may be had again, ſhall have Sixteen Dollars Reward, and all reaſonable Charges paid by ſaid Philip Moſes, in Philadelphia, or Samuel Bowne, Merchant in New-York.

N. B. He was the latter End of March taken up, at one George Hays's, near the White-Plains, and as the Perſon who took him, was bringing him for New-York, he made his Eſcape. New-York, April 28, 1767.

NEW-YORK : Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the Exchange, in Broad-Street, where all Sorts of Printing Work is done in the neateſt Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertiſements of a moderate Length are inſerted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after.

For the Publ
HAMPDEN,

Gentlemen,

THE Relatio
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the most critical
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my sake, and what will have a greater Weight with you, for your own Sakes, abuse your Fellow Subjects in America. Consider they have as much Right to Liberty as yourselves; that the Government of America may be made a Precedent for the like in Great Britain; and that your essential Interest may be affected by driving the Americans to Despair.

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As Reason deigns to guide.

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I leave my Feet, so light, and fleet,
To speed them on their Journies.

And, as I know their Fund's so low,
I, to their other Talents,
Add Scruples three of Honesty,
Their dark Accounts to balance.

In this Bequest, above the rest,
I had been more profuse;
But that, 'tis plain, one single Grain
Is more than ere they use.

To thirty Sots, I leave full Pots
Of Water mix't with Gall;
And, what's far worse, an empty Purse,
And Credit sunk withal.

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Old Maids are pester'd with.

The Dastard's Part, shall be my Heart,
My Fortitude, and Spirit;
And such as fret, and oft take Pet,
My Patience shall inherit.

The beauteous Fair, my Love shall share,
Who's virtuous, true, and loyal;
The rest I leave, Rakes to deceive,
And stand the old Maid's Trial.

Such Tools of State, whom public Hate
Has wrapp'd in dark Disguise,
Who grasp at Pow'r, and Wealth devour,
To Justice I devise.

Each noisy Scold, who, uncontroul'd
By Reason, can't be civil,
But din Mankind, I leave consign'd
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Women's thread and worsted hose
Stocking patterns
Women's worsted & silk mitts
Tammies, callimancoes, durants, camblets, cambricks and lawns
Barcelona handkerchiefs
Cravats, do. and sewing silk
Needles, pins and buckram,
Oznabrugs, towelling, sheeting, and diaper
White and brown linens
Striped hollands
Cotton and linen checks
White and coloured jeans,
Check handkerchiefs
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Tapes and garters
Quality bindings
Scots plaids and carpets
Damask table cloths and napkins
Ivory and horn combs
Men's and women's shoes
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N. B. Have also for sale, a 9 and half inch cable, and 2 hausers of 6 inches each, with other cordage proper for a vessel of about 150 tons. 68—

Edward Agar,

TAKES this Method to acquaint the Public, that he has removed his Shop to the upper End of Wall-Street, near the City-Hall; where he continues to sell as usual, all Sorts of Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, &c. &c. either Wholesale or Retail, on the same reasonable Terms as formerly, and hopes for the Continuance of the Favours of his former Customers: He has imported in the last Vessels from London, a large and fresh Assortment of Medicines in general, all of the best Quality.

LIKEWISE,

Doct. Hill's Pectoral Balsam of Honey.
Ward's Essence for the Head-Ach.
Daffy's Cordial, purging Elixer.
Stoughton's Bitters.
Turlington's Balsam of Life.
Bateman's Pectoral Drops.
Godfrey's Cordial.
Greenough's Tincture for cleaning and preserving the Teeth.
Essence of Balm of Gilead, for Consumptions and inward decays.
Doct. Ryan's Sugar Plumbs, for destroying Worms.
Doct. James's Fever Powders.
Sirop de Orgeot.
Sirop de Capillair
Syrup of Lemons, for making Punch, very convenient for Persons going to Sea, as it will keep many Months.
Best Hungary, Lavender, and Honey Water.
Eau de Luce, Eau Sans Pariel.
Essence of Lavender, Rosmary, Lemons, Burgamot, Ambergris, &c. &c.
Best plain and perfum'd Hair Powder.
Pomatum, both hard and soft.
Blacking Ball.
Tooth Powder and Brushes.
Shaving Boxes and Brushes.
Wash Balls.
Shaving Powder, &c. &c. &c.
Superfine, plain and spiced, Chocolate.
Cinnamon, Mace, Nutmegs, and Cloves.
Pearl and French Barley.
Prunes.
Oatmeal.
Fine Capers in Bottles.
Best white Wine Vinegar.
The finest Florence Sweet Oil in Casks.

70 73)

To be Sold, or Let,

On the Premises, at public Vendue, at 10 o'Clock, on Friday the 5th Day of June next, or by private Agreement any Time before:

A House and Lot, now in the Occupation of Mr. John Bryant, Mason, formerly belonging to Mr. Tenus Rapalje, on Ferry-Street, adjoining on one Side to Mr. John Burger, on the other to Mr. Willet. The Front of the Lot on the Street is 17 Feet 4 Inches, and runs 53 Feet Back. The House is new, has a Brick Front, is 2 Stories high, and has 3 Rooms with Fire-places: In the Yard is a good Cistern—An indisputable Title will be given to the Purchaser, by

JAMES SEACORD,
At Isaac Blank's, Shoemaker, Ferry-Street.

To be sold at public Vendue, at the Merchant's Coffee-House, on Tuesday the 14th Day of July next;

TEN Years Lease, from the first of May Instant, of two Houses and Lots of Ground, situate on the North Corner of the Vineyard, facing and directly opposite the new Presbyterian Church; the Corner House noted for a well accustomed Tavern, keeping the Sign of General Wolf, has four Rooms on the lower Floor, and is convenient for Lodgers up Stairs. The other is a new House adjoining the aforementioned, excepting a large Gang Way between the two, designed for the Use of both; it is two Stories high, has a commodious Room on the lower Floor of 28 Feet long, designed for Dancing, three Rooms above Stairs, and a large Garret; there is a very suitable Stable in the Yard, will hold four Horses comfortably, and three Load of Hay in the Loft; also a large Gang or Cartway, from the Rope-Walk, out of the East Side of the Corner House: Possession will be delivered to the Purchaser, on the first of August next, when the purchase Money is to be paid, and a good Title given by John Alsop:—For farther Particulars Inquire of *MICHAEL HANSEN*, living on the Premises. (70 74)

Just imported a large Assortment of Goods, suitable for the Spring and Summer; and to be sold Wholesale and Retail,

By ENNIS GRAHAM,

TAYLOR, at the Corner of Wall-Street:

A Large assortment of Wilton's silk and worsted Sagathies, dorsetts, camblets, silk and worsted grograms, crapes, single and double aloperen, cloth coloured jennets, cloth coloured pillow fustian, white jeans, aumbents, white India dimity, silk damasces, Turkey burdetts, striped and cloth coloured Persians, superfine and middling broad cloths, superfine, fourth cloths, Frieze, kerseys, coatees, Colchester bayetts, flannels, ratinets, shalloons, durants, tammies, crimson, scarlet, and other coloured everlastings, thicksets, velverets, velvets, velvet shapes of various colours cut and uncut Genoa velvet, with a very curious cut and uncut Genoa velvet, Manchester velvets, for cloaks, and men's coats; red tapes, broad and narrow white tapes, fine tapes, glaz'd linen, brown, white and black buckrams; shamoy skins, buckskin gloves, fine and fine buckles, table knives and forks, catteau knives, children's knives, snuff boxes, razors, chimney books, common and white chappel needles, Taylor's shears, iron watches, lapboards, thimbles, bodkins, ditto, death head do. scarf twist, a large assortment of sewing silk, threads, a large assortment of broad, middling and narrow tree garters; mohair binding for coats, fine do. broad London quality, do. mohair cord for women's cloaks, and men's coats; red tapes, broad and narrow white tapes, fine tapes, glaz'd linen, brown, white and black buckrams; shamoy skins, buckskin gloves, fine and fine buckles, table knives and forks, catteau knives, children's knives, snuff boxes, razors, chimney books, common and white chappel needles, Taylor's shears, iron watches, lapboards, thimbles, bodkins, silk ditto; black, white, and mix'd silk stockings; worsted, cotton and thread, men's, women's, and boy's do. Irish linens, fleecing lining, brown Russia sheetings, dowlas, garlix, quadruple, fillefiats, oznabrugs, yard wide cotton checks, herring bone fustian, silk ground fogs, black prunelloes, paper and sealing wax; callicoes, ribbons, black, white, blue, crimson, sattins; black taffaties, peelongs, vellure silks, corded tabbies for men's vests, black Barcelona handkerchiefs, and cravats; red, white, blue and white handkerchiefs; men's hats, gold and silver buttons, a large assortment of metal do. silk twist, effect do. silk and hair do. mohair do. worsted do. horse hair,

Province of New-Jersey. December 3,

WHEREAS a Law was passed in New-Jersey t
June 1765, appointing Commissioners to run out fr
lic Roads through said Province, between New-York an
phia, and empowering them to raise a Sum of Money b
Lottery, not exceeding £.500, towards defraying the Charg
accordingly a Lottery was thereupon soon after set on Foot
the troubled State of Affairs at that Time, occasioned by
Act, the Proceedings of the said Lottery were delayed;
apprehended that the salutary Purpose might now be ef
Managers therein appointed have thought fit for that End
the following Scheme of a Lottery, to consist of 2222 T
4 Dollars each; 662 of which are to be fortunate as follo

1	Prize of Dollars,	750 is Dollars,	75
1		500	5
1		250	2
1		200	2
3		100	3
6		50	3
12		40	4
20		30	6
30		20	6
100		10	10
485		8	38
1	first Drawn	14	
1	last Drawn	14	
662	Prizes,		
1560	Blanks,		
2222	Tickets, at	4 Dollars each, are	88

From which a Deduction of 15 per Cent. is £.499 1
fortunate Numbers are to be printed in the N. York and
vania Papers, as soon as possible after the Drawing, whi
directed by John Stevens, James Parker of Perth-Amboy;
therill of the Township of New Brunswick; Daniel Ellis of
ton, and John Edwards of Bordentown, who are appoint
gers and Commissioners for the Road leading from the Fe
opposite Perth-Amboy, to Burlington; and John Berrien,
hill; Daniel Coxe, of Trentown; Azariah Dunham, of
wick; Ephraim Terrill, & Abraham Clark, jun. of Elizabe
who are likewise appointed Managers, and Commissioner
Road leading from Newark and Elizabeth-Town, to Tr
Borden Town agreeable to said Act; and are to be under
the due and impartial Performance of their Duties.

The shortening and improving the public Roads through
vince, will be a great Advantage to the commercial In
general Convenience of the Inhabitants thereof, as well
general Advantage to the Neighbouring Provinces, part
Pennsylvania and New-York; and as it is the first Th
Kind that has been attempted on the Continent, it is not d
every public spirited Person in this, as well as the Nei
Provinces, will generously contribute to an Undertaking,
greatly to the Advantage and Ease of Men of Business
sure; as it is judged the Distance between New York a
delphia will be shorten'd 12 or 15 Miles, and the Roads
more passable and convenient for Travellers in the Wint
than the Present.

Tickets are to be had of Daniel Ellis of Burlington, Da
of Trenton, James Parker of Perth-Amboy, and Abraham C
of Elizabeth-Town, and of all the other Managers in J
their respective Dwellings.

A fresh Importation, just rece
Per the Hope, Capt. Davis, and the N. York, Capt. L
At the UNIVERSAL STOR
Or the MEDLEY of GOODS,

By Gerardus Duyckin

At the Sign of the Looking-Glass, and Druggist
Corner of the Old-Slip-Market, New-York;
Where is sold, a Variety of Assortments, either by Wh
or Retail, at a reasonable Price, viz.

LOOKING Glasses
Pictures
China
Paper Hangings
White Flint Glass Ware
Table and Kitchen Furniture
} A beautiful and
able Assortme

Window and Coach Glasses
Painters and Limners Colours
Dying Colours and Fullers Articles
Japanning Varnishes
Gold and Silver Leaf
Founders and Smelters Articles
} Almost every Art
these Branches
dious to menti

Hatters Trimmings
Carpetting
Jewellery
Spicery, and
Do. for Distilling of C
Oils extracted, and ch

LIKEWISE:

Allum
Copperas
Brimstone
Nails
Pewter
Lead in Sheets and Bar
Shot
Wire
Writing Paper

Drugs and Medicines,

With a general Assortment of genuine patented Med
as extensive in the above Articles, as any of the Faculty
or most Practitioners, or Families require.

To be sold, *for CASH only*, at a very low Rate, p
larly to the Venders thereof. (67 7

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the Exchange, in Broad-Street, where all Sorts of Printing Work is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of a moderate Length are inserted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after.

Just imported a large Assortment of Goods, suitable for the Spring and Summer; and to be sold Wholesale and Retail,

By ENNIS GRAHAM,

TAYLOR, at the Corner of Wall-Street:

A Large assortment of Wilton's silk and worsted Sagathies, dercelles, cambletts, silk and worsted grograms, crapes, single and double alopeen, cloth coloured jennetts, cloth coloured pillow fustian, white jeans, nankeens, white India dimity, silk damascus, Turkey burdetts, striped and cloth coloured Persians, superfine and middling broad cloths in grain, forest cloths, frizes, kerseys, Colchester garzes, ditto, death head do. scarf twist, a large assortment of sewing silks, threads, a large assortment of broad, middling and narrow tree garters; mohair binding for coats, shoe do. bread London quality, do. mohair cord for women's cloaks, and men's coats; red tapes, broad and narrow white tapes, stay tapes, glaz'd linen, brown, white and black buckrams; shammy skins, buckskin gloves, shoe and tree buckles, table knives and forks, cutteau knives, children's knives, snuff boxes, razors, chimney books, common and white chappel needles, Taylor's shears, iron watches, lapboards, thimbles, beckins, &c.

Province of New-Jersey. December 3, 1768.

WHEREAS a Law was passed in New-Jersey the 20th of June 1765, appointing Commissioners to run out straight public Roads through said Province, between New-York and Philadelphia, and empowering them to raise a Sum of Money by a public Lottery, not exceeding £.500, towards defraying the Charge thereof; accordingly a Lottery was thereupon soon after set on Foot, but from the troubled State of Affairs at that Time, occasioned by the Stamp Act, the Proceedings of the said Lottery were delayed; but as it is apprehended that the salutary Purpose might now be effected, the Managers therein appointed have thought fit for that End, to revive the following Scheme of a Lottery, to consist of 2222 Tickets, at 4 Dollars each; 662 of which are to be fortunate as follows:

1	Prize of Dollars,	750	is Dollars,	750
1		500		500
1		250		250
1		200		200
3		100		300
6		50		300
12		40		480
20		30		600
30		20		600
100		10		1000
485		8		3880
1	first Drawn	14		14
1	last Drawn	14		14
662	Prizes,			
1560	Blanks,			
2222	Tickets, at	4 Dollars each, are		8888£.3333

From which a Deduction of 15 per Cent. is £.499 19 0: The fortunate Numbers are to be printed in the N. York and Pennsylvania Papers, as soon as possible after the Drawing, which will be directed by John Stevens, James Parker of Perth-Amboy; John Wetherill of the Townshipof New Brunswick; Daniel Ellis of Burlington, and John Edwards of Bordentown, who are appointed Managers and Commissioners for the Road leading from the Ferry-house, opposite Perth-Amboy, to Burlington; and John Berrien, of Rocky-hill; Daniel Coxe, of Trentown; Azariah Dunham, of N. Brunswick; Ephraim Terrill, & Abraham Clark, jun. of Elizabeth-Town; who are likewise appointed Managers, and Commissioners for the Road leading from Newark and Elizabeth-Town, to Trenton and Borden Town agreeable to said Act; and are to be under Oath for the due and impartial Performance of their Duties.

The shortening and improving the public Roads through this Province, will be a great Advantage to the commercial Interest and general Convenience of the Inhabitants thereof, as well as a very general Advantage to the Neighbouring Provinces, particularly to Pennsylvania and New-York; and as it is the first Thing of the Kind that has been attempted on the Continent, it is not doubted but every public spirited Person in this, as well as the Neighbouring Provinces, will generously contribute to an Undertaking, tending so greatly to the Advantage and Ease of Men of Business and Pleasure; as it is judged the Distance between New York and Philadelphia will be shorten'd 12 or 15 Miles, and the Roads all made more passable and convenient for Travellers in the Winter Season than the Present.

Tickets are to be had of Daniel Ellis of Burlington, Daniel Coxe of Trenton, James Parker of Perth-Amboy, and Abraham Clark, jun. of Elizabeth-Town, and of all the other Managers in Jersey, at their respective Dwellings.

A fresh Importation, just received,

Per the Hope, Capt. Davis, and the N. York, Capt. Lawrence,

At the UNIVERSAL STORE,

Or the MEDLEY of GOODS,

By Gerardus Duyckinck,

At the Sign of the Looking-Glass, and Druggist Pot, the Corner of the Old-Slip-Market, New-York;

Where is sold, a Variety of Assortments, either by Wholesale, or Retail, at a reasonable Price, viz.

LOOKING Glasses, Pictures, China, Paper Hangings, White Flint Glass Ware, Table and Kitchen Furniture — A beautiful and fashionable Assortment.

Window and Coach Glasses, Painters and Limners Colours, Dying Colours and Fullers Articles, Japanning Varnishes, Gold and Silver Leaf, Founders and Smelters Articles — Almost every Article in these Branches, too tedious to mention.

Hatters Trimmings, Carpetting, Jewellery — Spicery, and Do. for Distilling of Cordials Oils extracted, and chemical.

LIKEWISE:

Allum, Copperas, Brimstone, Nails, Pewter — Lead in Sheets and Bars, Shot, Wire, Writing Paper

Drugs and Medicines,

With a general Assortment of genuine patented Medicines, as extensive in the above Articles, as any of the Faculty here, or most Practitioners, or Families require.

To be sold, *for CASH only*, at a very low Rate, particularly to the Venders thereof. (67 70)

New-York, May 6th, 1767.

To the PUBLIC.

WILLIAM ADAMS,

WHO formerly taught in the Academy at Coldenham, intends to open, about the 14th Current, such a School in New-Rochel; where the English, Latin, and Greek Languages, will be accurately taught, and also Book-keeping, Navigation, Surveying, and the other various Branches of the Mathematicks, in a proper and easy Method, so as to fix the Knowledge and Uses of them, on the Minds of the Students; for which Purpose, said ADAMS will furnish the Academy with the proper Instruments for those Studies, whereby the young Gentlemen will receive a profitable Amusement and healthy Exercise. Care shall also be taken of the Morals of the Scholars.

Mr. ADAMS gratefully acknowledges the Favour of many Gentlemen of New-York, who encouraged his Academy at Coldenham, and in hopes of continuing to merit the same; he at the Request of several Gentlemen, has chosen New-Rochel, as a very pleasant and healthy Place, and so near the City as to be only an agreeable Ride.

Mr. ADAMS may be spoke with from this, to Wednesday the 13th Current, at Mr. William Steuart's, Druggist, in Queen's-Street, and afterwards in New-Rochel, or Commissions left for him at said Mr. Steuart's, who will inform of the Terms.

Just imported in the Ship Hope, and New-York, from London, and Ship Hibernia, from Bristol, and to be sold on the lowest Terms for Cash or short Credit, by

George Folliot, and Company:

CHOICE Bohea Tea, Assortments of Irish Linens, Sheeting, Checks, Cordage, Sail Cloth, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, black Silk Cravats, Oznabrugs, Ravens Duck, Women's Shoes; Nails, Crates of Earthen Ware, short Pipes; Loaf Sugar, Raisins, empty Bottles, Cottons, coarse Cambricks, Ware's Snuff, &c.

They have also for Sale Old Madeira Wine.

Just imported in the New-York, Capt. Lawrence, from London, and the last Vessels from Bristol, and to be sold,

By William Neilson,

At his Store in Dock-Street;

SEVEN eight, and yard wide Irish linens, and dowlas, Pomerania linens; Russia and Irish sheeting, diaper, and towelling; Raven duck, Dutch dowlas, and oznabrugs; damask tea napkins, and table-cloths; cambricks and lawns, in pieces and patches; black barcelona handkerchiefs, and cravats; roset, lutestrings, and romal ditto; taffeties, sattins, peelongs, persians, and figured modes; ribbons, silk gauze, thread, lace; callicoes, and chintzes; Scotch stitching, and colour'd threads; women's purple, flowered, lamb, and kid mitts; 7-8, yard wide, and yard and 3-8 wide, cotton and linen checks; 11 nail and 3-4 striped hollands; broadclothes, duroys, German serge, superfine blue Genoa cotton velvets; shalloons, callimancoes, durants, tammies, sewing silks, twist, mohair, silk knee-garters; camp, death-head, and basket buttons, of all colours; women's thread and worsted hose; best London quality and worsted shoe binding; double gilt and white metal buttons; apron and cap tape, shirt buttons, plumb colour'd grazett: split bone and sham buck knives and forks, cutteau, and pistol cap ditto: scissars, and sheep-shears; needles, ivory and horn combs; pinchbeck, white metal, and steel, shoe and knee-buckles; London and Bristol pewter, steel, Scotch snuff: china of different sorts; Hose's shoes, writing-paper, best oil gun-flints, F. F. gun-powder; a pair of elegant sconces, also gammons, in tierces, and hogs-lard, in firkins; two Irish servants, the one an hostler, the other a shoe-maker. 68 71

TO BE SOLD, OR LET,

A Tract of Land in Queen's County, on Long-Island, at the Eastern Part of Little-Plains, adjoining the King's Road, leading from Jamaica to Hempstead, on the Northerly Side of the said Road; now occupied by Mrs. Mary Everit, contains 30 Acres; there is on it a good House and Barn, an Orchard of about 5 Acres, and Wood-Land, about 4 Acres all in good Fence:—Inquire of ROBERT G. LIVINGSTON, in New-York. (6972)

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, on the first Day of June 1767, at the Merchant's Coffee-House;

A Tract of land, contained in a parcel of land, usually called Henderson's patent, situate westerly from the Fish-Kill, and south of the German-Flatts, by estimation seven miles from the Mohawk's-river, or nine miles southeasterly from fort Hackerman: The thousand acres of this patent now to be sold, is distinguished by No. 5. having a mark'd tree L, on the northern, and an other mark'd RC, on the southern line; distant from a settlement of ten families on the said patent only forty-six chains, is allowed in general to be equal to the justly celebrated German-Flatts in soil, and in some places superior, in short it only wants a river equal to the Mohawk-river runing through it, to make the whole more valuable.——New-York, April 7, 1767. 66

LOST OR STOLEN,

A Silver double cased Watch with a China Dial, on which is engraved John Harris, the Maker's Name Samuel Vitue, Clock and Watch Maker, in Edward Street, Old-Soho London, No. 261, Date 1756: Whoever will discover where said Watch is, so that it may be had again, shall be genteelly rewarded by applying to the Printer of this Paper.

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scribers, Trustees in due Form of Law, appointed for all the Creditors of the said Cornelius Mahony, are ready to make a Dividend amongst his Creditors, and do desire all the said Creditors to bring in their Accounts, and to meet for that Purpose on the 6th Day of July next, at three o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the House of Mrs. Brock, known by the Sign of Sir Peter Warren in the South-Ward of the City of New-York. Dated the 6th Day of May, 1767.

Daniel Forshe,
John Goodbarlat,
John Frederick Hyer, } Trustees.

Translated for the Use of the *Reformed Protestant Dutch Church*, of the City of *New-York*, examined, compared, and approved by the *Consistory* of the same, and by them recommended for the Use of Schools, and order'd to be printed. 2nd Edition.

Just published and to be sold at the *Printing-Office* at the *Exchange*,

THE HEIDELBERG CATECHISM, or METHOD of INSTRUCTION in the CHRISTIAN RELIGION, as the same is taught in the Reformed Churches and Schools of HOLLAND. With a COMPENDIUM of the same, To which is added, TWO PSALMS of the New-Version.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given to all the Creditors of Cornelius Mahony, an absconding Debtor, whose Estate and Effects were some Time since attached, seized and proceeded against for the Benefit of all his Creditors: That we the Sub-

---

Runaway, so as he may Dollars Reward, and all o Moses, in Philadelphia, -York.

March taken up, at one ins, and as the Person or New-York, he made York, April 28, 1767.

Sorts of Printing nserted for Five

TO BE SOLD,

A Plantation within the Bounds of Middletown, in East New-Jerſey, containing two or three Hundred Acres, more or leſs, as may beſt ſuit the Purchaſer, lying within one Mile and a half of Middletown Point, within a Mile of a Griſt-Mill, and half a Mile of a Saw-Mill; alſo about two Miles from Singerora-Bay, where is great plenty of Fiſh, Oyſters, and Clams; there is on the Land, a good Dwelling-Houſe and Orchard, about ſixty Acres of Upland and Meadow cleared, all in good Fence; on the Wood-Land is good Timber for ſawing, together with fencing Timber, and Cord Wood: The Tract is bounded Southerly and Northerly by two clear Brooks, and Weſterly by Lands of James Kearny: Whoever inclines to purchaſe may apply to ſaid *JAMES KEARNEY*, near the Premiſes, who will give an indiſputable Title for the ſame. 62—

For the good of the PUBLIC.

Juſt publiſh'd and to be ſold at the Printing-Office at the Exchange,

(*Price One Shilling.*)

A SURE GUIDE TO HELL,

By *BEELZEBUB.*

The Sixth Edition with NOTES.

Juſt imported in the Ship Edward, Captain Chambers, from LONDON.

By PHILIP DOUGHTY,

In SMITH-STREET;

A Neat Aſſortment of ſuperfine ſecond and low priced broad Clothes, Bath Coatings, &c. to be ſold for READY MONEY or ſhort Credit. 47

PERRY, HAYS, & SHERBROOKE,

HAVE FOR SALE,

BRITISH SAIL CLOTH, from No. 1, to 8, MADEIRA WINE, WEST-INDIA RUM, MUSCOVADO SUGAR, refin'd BAR IRON, CRATES of STONE and YELLOW WARE, HOGSHEADS of DELPH BOWLS; with an Aſſortment of DRY GOODS, and IRONMONGERY. 61-70

JERVIS ROEBUCK,

CORK-CUTTER, from LONDON,

At the Fot of POT-BAKER's HILL:

SELLS all Sorts of Corks, Cork Soles, Clogs Ditto, and Cork Jackets, Wholeſale and Retail, at the loweſt Prices. He has alſo imported, in the laſt Veſſels from London, beſt Shuſhong and Bohea Teas, Callimancoes, Durants, Tammies, and Shalloons; quilted Petticoats, and a neat Aſſortment of Jewellery; Grocery, ſuch as Prunes, Raiſins, Currants, Almonds, &c. together with a large Aſſortment of Shop Goods. Likewiſe, Olives, Capers, Anchovies, freſh Oatmeal, and ſplit Peas.—He will ſell on the moſt reaſonable Terms. (69)

To be LET, and entered upon immediately,

A Genteel Houſe, ſituate in Maiden-Lane, now in the Tenure of Benjamin Helme; it contains Six good Rooms, a dry boarded Cellar under the Whole; a fine Yard and Garden, with many other Conveniencies: Any Perſon inclining to hire, may know the Terms by applying to the Subſcriber, at Mr. Benjaman Nicoll's, on the New-Dock.

(69) BENJAMIN HELME.

STEPHANUS VOORHEES,

ACQUAINT the Public, that he has ſupplied himſelf with an able Aſſiſtant, tha the may be enabled the better to ſerve all ſuch Gentlemen, as are diſpoſed to Favour his uſeful Deſigns: The School will be kept at the Place where it was firſt erected in Hackenſack, at the New-Bridge.——The common Price of Board and Tuition, will not exceed £. 20 per Year: The beſt Method of Inſtruction will be attended to, and all poſſible Care to afford the utmoſt Satisfaction.—An Engliſh Teacher is alſo provided to oblige the Public, who is a complete Pen-Man; and will Teach the Latin Scholars, Writing, and Arithmetic two Hours a Day, for a ſmall Addition per Quarter.

We ſhall be much obliged to the Public for Encouragement, who are devoted to ſerve them to the utmoſt of our Power.

Imported and to be ſold Wholeſale and Retail by

EDWARD LAIGHT,

Oppoſite the Hon. William Walton's, Eſq; for Caſh or ſhort Credit;

A Neat and general aſſortment of ironmongery and cutlary, ſuch as pit, mill and croſs cut ſaws, hand, tenon, ſaſh and pannel ditto; eyed ſhovels and ſpades, front and inſide door locks, cheſt locks, hinges and handles; raiſed joint and common H & IL hinges; braſs ſcales and ſcale beams; braſs and iron wire; bright balcony and ſhutter bolts; clouts, brads, tacks and tenter hooks of all ſorts; cotton and clothiers cards; files, raſps, augers and chizels; Dutch tea kettles; common and chamber hellowſes; Ware's beſt Scotch ſnuff; refined and bloomery iron; 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. 12d. 20d. and 24d. nails: 7 by 9, 8 by 10 and 9 by 11 glaſs: and many other articles too tedious to mention.—Alſo oil, blubber and leather as uſual, and all the neceſſary articles belonging to the currying buſineſs. 37.— (t.b.c.)

TO BE SOLD, by

THOMAS DERHAM,

On the moſt reaſonable Terms:

CHOICE Teneriffe Wine, in Pipes, Hogſheads, and Quarter Caſks.

N. B. Pipe Staves will be taken in Payment for a conſiderable Quantity of ſaid Wine. 30--ctf

TO BE SOLD,

By THOMAS DOUGHTY,

IN DOCK-STREET:

CHOICE old Madeira Wine, Liſbon, Red Port, Teneriffe Wines by the Pipe, Quarter Caſk, or Five Gallons; alſo Jamaica Spirits, Weſt-India Rum, Holland Geneva, Bohea, Shouſhong and Hyſon Teas, Coffee, Chocolate, Lump, ſingle, middling and double refined Loaf Sugar; Muſcovado Sugars, Raiſins, Currants, Citron, Sweet Oil, Olives, Capers, Anchovies, Pepper, French Indigo, Scotch and Rappee Snuff, with ſundry other Articles of Grocery. 64—

GREG, CUNNINGHAM, and Com.

Have for Sale at their Store on Hunter's-Quay;

A Great aſſortment of Iriſh linens and diapers, Manchester goods, Scotch handkerchiefs, bandanoes, calicoes and cotton chintz, martin-lace; roſe blankets, green and ſpotted rugs, women's ſhoes; worſted and thread hoſe, breeches patterns, red and blue ſtrouds; Engliſh ſailcloth, from No. I to VIII, Ruſſia duck, oznaburgs, ſnuff, crates of phials, white lead; long, middling, and ſhort pipes, grindſtones, ſheet copper and bottoms; bottles in hampers, copperas, cordage, gunpowder, window-glaſs in boxes and half boxes; common earthen ware in crates, corn fans, nails; Iriſh ſalmon in tierces and firkins, almonds, raiſins, manna, hyſon, ſuſhong, and bohea tea.

They have alſo to diſpoſe of,

Old Jamaica ſpirits, London porter, Madeira, ſherry and Liſbon wines, in pipes and quarter caſks. 79 73

CLAVICHORD,

Lately imported from EUROPE,

Has Four Stops, and is eſteem'd an excellent Inſtrument, To be ſold by

DAVID PHILIPS,

At the Sign of the Horſe and Cart. (70—)

TO BE LET,

THE Houſe fronting the Great-Dock, wherein PETER LOW, now lives; it is well ſituated for Buſineſs: On the Rear of the Lot oppoſite Major CARY's, is a Store Houſe with a large Oven, and conveniencies for the Baking Buſineſs: Inquire the of Widow FRANCES MOORE.

To the PUBLIC.

THE Subſcriber having acquired the uſeful Knowledge of curing the Cancer, and Cankers, Polipus, and Ring-Worms; alſo engages to give immediate Eaſe to thoſe troubled with the Gravel, and to cure that Diſorder: Takes this Method to inform the Public, that thoſe who are troubled with ſuch Diſorders, may apply to him at his Lodgings, at Mrs. Boſkirk's, oppoſite Mr. Anthony Rutger's Brew-Houſe, or to Mr. John Hanſon, who will direct them to his Lodgings; if he does not meet with Encouragement, he is determined to leave the Place within four Weeks. JOHN COAKLY.

A BOAT to be ſold,

WILL carry upwards of One Thouſand Buſhels of Wheat in her Hold, and draws about 4 and a half Feet Water when loaded; her Frame, red Cedar, and a great Part of her Bottom new planked laſt Fall.—Her Sails and Rigging a good deal worn.—For further Particulars inquire of Mr. Cornelius Low, at Rariton Landing, or of his Son Iſaac Low, in New-York.

May 7th, 1767. (70 73)

A Choice New

New-York, March 20, 1767.

The SUBSCRIBER

PURPOSES to open a Morning and Evening School, for the Inſtruction of Youth in Writing and Arithmetic—to commence the firſt of April next, and continue to the firſt of October following—Attendance will be given from ſix to eight in the Morning, and from five to ſeven in the Evening preciſely.——It is imagined that this Plan may ſuit ſome of both Sexes, who attend other Places of Education at different Periods, for other Purpoſes.——Whoever is pleaſed to Favour this Scheme, may depend on being ſerved with Fidelity; as there will be no Deeds, Bills, Bonds, &c. or any Kind of Writing done, but ſuch as will have a direct Tendency to promote the general Good of the School, which has conſtantly been the principal View of the Inſtructor, and on which Account he has rejected every Thing that he thought would be incompatible with the Duty of a Teacher.

Hugh Hughes.

To be either Sold, or Let,

And may be enter'd upon immediately:

A Houſe the Corner of Smith's-Street, near the old Dutch Church: The Lot is 34 Feet one Inch in Front, 143, and a Half of the North Side, and 133 Feet of the South Side in Length; for which a good Title will be given the Purchaſers.

A Houſe to be Let, on Golden-Hill; having a large commodious Oven, Bake-Houſe, Stable, &c. Inquire of

DAVID CLARKSON.

(69 72)

Thomas Bridgen Attwood,

HAS imported by the laſt Veſſels from London, a freſh and general Aſſortment of Drugs and Medicines, which he will ſell at the very loweſt Prices, wholeſale and retale, at his Store in Broad-Street; where, as he gives conſtant attendance himſelf, Family Preſcriptions will be carefully made up, Country Orders punctually executed, and the Favours duly acknowledged.

☞ The moſt approved patented Medicines, warranted genuine, from the Original Warehouſes (c.tf) 47

THOMPSON and ALEXANDER,

HAVE for Sale, empty BOTTLES by the Groce, Liverpool bottled BEER, by the Cask; a Quantity of CORDAGE of different Sizes. (65, t.b.c.)

Great Variety of Books and Stationary Ware, to be ſold at the Printing-Office near the Exchange.

TO BE SOLD,

TWO Years Time of an able ſmart Lad, about 19 Years of Age; he has been uſed to tending a Country Store, and doing all Kinds of Farming Buſineſs:—Inquire of the Printer. (70 73)

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office near the Exchange, in Broad-Street, where all Sorts of Printing Work is done in the neateſt Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertiſements of a moderate Length are inſerted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after.

the general Buſineſs will be carried on as uſual, with ſuch Conduct and Integrity, as may fruſtrate the mean Efforts of invidious deſigning Perſons; and ſecure a Continuance of the Public's Favour and Protection, to their devoted, and very obedient humble Servant,

John C. Knapp.

City of New-York, 27th of April, 1767.

and Dutch.—Whoever ſecures and runaway, ſo as he may be had again, ſhall have Sixteen Dollars Reward, and all reaſonable Charges paid by ſaid Philip Moſes, in Philadelphia, or Samuel Bowne, Merchant in New-York.

N. B. He was the latter End of March taken up, at one George Hays's, near the White-Plains, and as the Perſon who took him, was bringing him for New-York, he made his Eſcape. New-York, April 28, 1767.